Vol. XXXVIII. No. 5928.

别八十月七年二十八百八千一英

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JULY 18, 1882.

Established February, 1845.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON :- F. ALGAR, 11 & 12, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E. C. GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Combill. Gondon & Goton, Ludgate Circus, E.C. BATES HENDY & Co., 37, Walbrook, E.C. SAMUEL DEACON & Co., 150 & 154, Leadenhall Street.

PARIS AND EUROPE :- GALLIEN & PRINCE, 36, Rue Lafayette, Paris. NEW YORK :- ANDREW WIND, 133, Nas-

sau Street. AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND :- GORDON & GOTCH, Melbourne and Sydney;

SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports GOODS ARTICLES of Useful Invention; generally :- Bean & Black, San Fran-

SINGAPORE, STRATTS, &c.: SAYLE & Co., Square, Singapore. C. Heinszen & Co., Manila. CHINA: - Macao, Messrs A. A. DE MELLO & Co. Swatow, CAMPBELL & Co. Amoy, WILSON, NICHOLLS & Co. Foochow, HEBGE & Co. Shanghai, LANE, CHAWFORD & Co., and KELLY

#### Banks.

FORD & Co.

Xokohama, LANE, ORAW-

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

RESERVE FUND,..........2,100,000 Dollars.

COURT OF DIRECTORS. Chairman-H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq. Deputy Chairman-WM. REINERS, Esq. H. Hoppius, Esq. M. E. Sassoon, Esq. Hon. F. B. Johnson, C. Vincent Smith, A. P. McEwen, Esq. Esq. W. S. Young, Esq. A. McIven, Esq.

F. D. SASSOON, Esq. CHIEF MANAGER. Hongkong, ..... THOMAS JACKSON, Esq.

MANAGER. Shanghai, ..... EWEN CAMEBON, Esq. LONDON BANKERS. - London and County

> HONGKONG. INTEREST ALLOWED.

N Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance. For Fixed Deposits For 3 months, 3 per cent, per annum.

4 per cent. It 5 per cent. " LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Drafts, granted on London, and chief Commercial places in Europe, India, 15 " Australia, America, China and Japan. T. JACKSON,

Chief Manager.

Offices of the Corporation, No. 1, Queen's Road East. Hongkong, March 22, 1882,

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS. (Incorporated 7th & 18th March, 1848.)

DECOGNISED by the INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION OF SOTH APRIL, 1862.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP .....£3,200,000. RESERVE FUND......£800,000.

HEAD OFFICE-14, RUB BERGERE, PARIS.

AGENCIES and BRANCHES at: BOURBON, SAN FRANCISCO. LONDON. MARSEILLES, BOMBAY, Hongkong. LYONS, HANKOW. CALCUTTA, SHANGHAI, PATTES. FOOCHOW. MELBOURNE, and STDNEY.

LONDON BANKERS: THE BANK OF ENGLAND. THE UNION BANK OF LONDON. MESSES C. J. HAMBRO & SON.

The Hongkong Agency receives Fixed Deposits on Terms to be ascertained on application, grants Drafts and Oredits on all parts of the World, and transacts every description of Banking Exchange Business. F. COCHINARD,

Agent, Hongkong. Hongkong, February 8, 1882.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. (Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL ......£1,500,000. LONDON BANKERS:

BANK OF ENGLAND. UNION BANK OF LONDON. BANK OF SCOTLAND, LONDON.

TO ATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DE-At 3 months' notice 3 % per Annum.

Current Accounts kepts on Terms which may be learnt on application. Hongkong, June 1, 1882.

## Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY OF Mr. CHARLES KAHN in our Firm ORAHED on the 80th April, 1882. REISS & Co.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1882,

INTIMATION.

MR. FREDERICK ROBERTS
ROGERS was Admitted a PARTNER in our Firm on the 19th of June last. ROSE & Co. Hongkong, July 12, 1882.

For Sale.

AMERICAN NOVELTY COMPANY. New York, San Francisco, Sydney and Howkong Depot for the World's Patented Articles.

MAINE HOUSE, Queen's Road,

TMPORERS AND MANUFACTURERS NOVELTIES, TOYS, YANKEE JEWEILERY, CUTLERY, STATION-ERY, CASS WARE, ELECTRO-PLATED ORGANS, PATENT ORGANITIES, RUBBER GOODS, AMERICAN TRUNKS,

General prchasing Agents for every description of American Goods. .... BUSENMS EXCLUSIVELY WHOLESALE. S. B. LEWIS, Manager.

FOR SALE.

Hongking, June 16, 1882.

& L PERRIER'S CHAMPAGNE, CARTE BLANCHE. GILMAN & Co.

Hongking, June 23, 1882.

FOR SALE.

BAUTERT MAINZ DELICIOUS TABLE BEER. doz. Plase CHAMPAGNE BOTTLES. \$11. Case.

ipply to SANDER & Co. Hongking, March 30, 1882.

FOR SALE.

TULES MUMM & CHAMPAGNE, GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co. Hongkag, November 1, 1881.

TAR ABDOOL SOBHAN ABBASS will offer FOR SALE, commencing on WIDNESDAY, the 12TH JULY, at No. 8, Queen's Road (2nd floor) next to Arong, Photographer.

The following GOODS lately IMPORTED— About 9 do Dawson's-make Gent's BOOTS. Do. 21 dzen Dawson's-make Ladies' and Children's BOOTS and SHOES. Credits granted on approved Securities, 80 doz. Ont's White Linen COLLARS, Faris-make.

18 " Got's White Linen SHIRTS. 16 " pars Ladies' French BOOTS. Ladies' F ench SHOES. Ger rench BOOTS. 12 Parising Black Silk LACE FIS-

1 .... Fito French EMBROIDERIES, 1500 Yards. " Tychon LACES.

1 " Pinted CALICO. 10 pieces Welsh FLANNEL. 2 cases Simmer & Autumn COSTUMES 1 case FRILLINGS, CREWEL WORK.

As the whole of these Goods must be cleared offwithin a limited time, they will be offered to the Public at Low Prices to ensure Sal.

Hongkog, July 11, 1882.

FOR SALE,

A BOUT 2,000 ibs. MILLER & RICHARD'S TYPE, Na 19, (somewhat worn but in fairly good ondition).

Apply to OFFICE OF THIS PAPER.

To Let.

TO LET.

(Possesson of 15th July Next.) THE Commodious HOUSE with Large COMMUND, and a Chinese HOUSE attached, No. 33, POTTINGER STREET.

Apply to E. R. BELILIOS.

Hongkon, May 31, 1882.

CODOWNS-TO LET PRAYABAST AND WANCHAT ROAD. For Partialars, apply to SIEMSSEN & Co.

Honghow, April 26, 1882.

TO LET.

(WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.)

THE New FAMILY RESIDENCE situata net to Excelsion on Robinson nord, replie with every convenience, TENNIS LAW, STABLING, &C.

8 First-dus GODOWNS of all Sizes Water-side. Inspection is invited.

Apply to SHARP, TOLLER & JOHNSON. Hongkon, June 15, 1882.

TO LET.

ATO: 0, SITHOUR TERRACE. Nos 2 and 4, PEDDAR'S HILL No. 4, OD BAILEY STREET, Apply ()

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co. Hongkon, June 24, 1882.

TO LET.

OFFICES on the FIRST FLOOR of "MARKE HOUSE," West Side. These APARTMENTS ave a Compradore's Room and Servanta' Quarers on the Ground Floor.

E. R. BELILIOS. Hongkon; June 24, 1882.

For Sale.

LIAVE Received for their New FURNISHING DEPARTMENT, A FULL STOCK OF HOUSEHOLD LINEN, &c., comprising :-COTTON and LINEN SHEETING.

PILLOW LINEN. TABLE CLOTHS and DAMASK.

TABLE COVERS. COTTON and UNION TICKING.

BED QUILTS. NAPKINS.

GLASS CLOTH. TOWELS AND TOWELLING OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

ESTIMATES GIVEN, for FURNITURE,

BED and TABLE LINEN, CURTAINS and WINDOW HANGINGS,

> CARPETS, CROCKERY,

> > GLASSWARE, ELECTRO WARE. &c., &c., &c.

TOILET COVERS,

Hongkong, July 18, 1882.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

MHE Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY,

the 22nd July, 1882, at Noon, at his Sales Rooms, Queen's Road,-(Under Bill of Sale),

THE STOOK-IN-TRADE, &c., of Mr. NOOR MAHONED KRAMISA, comprising :-CLOTH, CASHMERE, FLANNELS, MERINO, WOOL, SHAWLS, LADIES' DRESSING STAFF,

Undershirts, Socks, Stockings, Scarves, Towers, Mosquito Nets, Narkins, Quilles, HANDKERCHIEF, PERFUMES, BOOTS and SHOES, Toys and STATIONARY. TERMS OF SALE. - As customary.

3 - J. M. ARMSTRONG, Auctioneer. Hongkong, July 17, 1882. **jy2**Z

Intimations.

NOTICE.

COLONEL IKE AUSTIN'S NEW AMERICAN RIFLE RANCE, NOW OPEN AT THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

SPORTING RIFLES!!! Popular Prices: FOUR SHOTS for......25 Cents.

Gallery open daily from 4 to 11 p.m.

Hongkong, July 1, 1882. TAKASIMA COLLIERY.

COALS at HONGKONG, from and after this H. J. H. TRIPP,

THE Undersigned has been appointed AGENT for the SALE of the above

Mitsu Bishi Mail S. S. Co. Hongkong, April 26, 1882.

NOTICE TO CAPT INS OF SHIPS BOUND TO

JAPAN. TR. BUCKL attends Ships daily in YOROHAMA X. Call fing F.

Hougkong, May 1882. WILLIAM DOLAN, SAIL-MAKER & SHIP-CHANDLER,

22, PRAYA CENTRAL, MOTTON DUCKS, HEMP CANVAS, MANILA ROPE, AMERICAN OAKUM, LIFE BUOYS, CORK JACKETS,

&c., &c., &c. Hongkong, May 1, 1882. SAILOR'S HOME.

NY Cast-off CLOTHING, BOOKS; or 31st Instant, both days inclusive. A PAPERS will be thankfully received at the Sailor's Home, West Point. Hongkong, July 25, 18.8.

NOTICE. THE Undersigned have been appointed SOLE AGENTS for the Sale of their GOODS by Messra KYNOCH & Co., of WEITON, near BIRMINGHAM.

MEYER & Co. Hongkong, August 13, 1881. 13an82 NEWS FOR HOME.

The Guerlane China Mail. (The oldest Overland Paper in China.)

PUBLISHED AT THE "CHINA MAIL" OFFICE IN TIME FOR THE ENGLISH MAIL. Containing from 72 to 84 columns of closelyprinted matter.

THIS Mail Summary is compiled from the Daily China Mail, is published twice a month on the morning of the English Mail's departure, and is a record of each fortnight's current history of events in China and Japan, contributed in original reports and colleted from the journals published at the various ports in those Countries It contains Shipping news from Shanghai Hongkong, Canton, &c., and a complete

Commercial Summary: Subscription, 50 cents per Copy (postage paid 52 cents.) \$12 per amum (postage paid \$12.50.) Orders should be sent to Gro. MURRAY Barn, China Moil Office, 2, Wyndham Street, not later than noon of the day the English Mail Steamer leaves. Terms of Advertising, same as in Daily China Mad.

# Intimations.

WANTED.

A N Unfurnished BEDROOM, with A BATH-ROOM attached. Apply to JOHN S. BREWER,

Office of this Paper. Hongkong, July 17, 1882.

WZNTED. SHORTHAND SPORTER for a A Daily Newspaper. In Engagement for Six Months certain. For Particulars, address " 23 B.," Office of this Paper.

Hongkong, July 13, 1882. BRITISH NORTH BORNEO COMPANY'S EMIGRATION AGENCY. A TESSES. BIRLEY & Co.'s OFFICES,

QUEEN'S ROAD. CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE COM

PANY, LIMITED. NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Sixteenth Ordinary MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the above. Company will be Held at the HEAD OFFICE, Victoria, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the 31st Instant, at 3.30 o'Clock p.m., for the ENGLISH AND AMERICAN purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and Statement of Accounts to 30th April last, and of declaring Dividends. The Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 18th to 31st Instant, both days inclusive.

By Order, W. H. RAY, Secretary. Hongkong, July 8, 1882.

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS. THE Thirty-Second Ordinary Half-Yearl MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS of the Company will be Held at the OFFICE of the Company, No. 52, Queen's Road, on MONDAY, the 31st July instant, at 3 o'Clock in the Afternoon, for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts de-

claring a Dividend, and electing Directors and Auditors. By Order of the Board of Directors, P. A. DA COSTA, Secretary.

Hongkong, July 11, 1882. HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY,

> LIMITED. NOTECE.

THE Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 18th to the By Order of the Board of Directors, P. A. DA COSTA,

Secretary. Hongkong, July 11, 1852. THE HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY

LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS. of SHAREHOLDERS will be Held

at the Hongkong Hotel on FRIDAY, the

28th Instant, at 4 o'Clock in the Afternoon,

for the purpose of receiving a Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts and declaring a Dividend. By Order of the Board of Directors,

LOUIS HAUSCHILD, Secretary. Hongkong, July 7, 1882. HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY,

LIMITED. THE Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 14th to the 28th Instant, both days inclusive. By Order of the Board of Directors,

LOUIS HAUSCHILD,

Secretary.

Hongkong, July 7, 1882.

Mr. Andrew Wind,

NEWS AGENT, &C. NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK is authorized to receive Subscriptions. Advertisements, &c., for the China Mail, Operland China Mail, and China Review.

## Intimations.

THE LUZON SUGAR REFINING

the Provisions of Ordinance 1 of 1877. Dated the 14th day of July, 1882.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., iy24General Agents,

LIMITED. CHAREHOLDERS are Requested to note that on SURRENDER of their Provi-BIONAL CERTIFICATES for SHARES in this Office, PERMANENT SORIP will now be

> JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Agents, CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LAD.

SION AGENT, 11, Clement's Lane, Lumbard Street.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS. Colonial Newspapers received at the office

are regularly filed for the inspection of Advertisers and the Public. Notices to Consignees.

FROM BATAVLA AND SAIGON.

THE S. S. William Mackinnon having arrived from the above Ports, Consigneds of Cargo are hereby informed that their Cargo remaining undelivered after the

24th Instant will be subject to rent, No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Agents.

UNION LINE.

FROM LONDON, PENANG AND SINGAPORE. THE Steamship Yorkshire, Capt. Lyon, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the

take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside. Cargo impeding the discharge of the Steamer will be at once landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense, and no

YOKORAMA, unless notice to the contrary be given before Noon To-Morrow, the 14th All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before 23rd Inst., or they will not be recognised.

Hongkong, July 13, 1882. FROM HAMBURG, PENANG AND

THE Steamship Electra, Capt. Böhme, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and stored at their risk, into the Godowns of the Undersigned, whence and/or from the Wharves or Boats delivery may be

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 1 p.m. To-DAY, the 12th Instant. Cargo remaining undelivered after the 17th Instant will be subject to rent. No Fire Insurance has been effected.

SIEMSSEN & Co., Agents. Hongkong, July 12, 1882. "LUCY A. NICKELS," FROM NEW

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

THE Ordinary Half-Yearly MEETING CONSIGNEES of CJ (in dia.), 50 Barrels TAR, H G & Co., 13 Cases SEWING MACHINES, are hereby informed that said Cargo has been landed and stored at their risk and

> COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

Hongkong, July 11, 1882.

their risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance has been effected:

A B E, No. 7, 1 case Birds Skins, from EBJ, No. 8/9= Pages Bees' Wax, from Madran /

, from S'pore

# 日四初月六年午壬

COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a MEET-ING of SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be Held at the Offices of the General Agents, No. 7, Queen's Road | Vessel are hereby requested to send Central, Hongkong, on MONDAY, the in their Bills of Lading for countersigna-24th Instant, at Noon, in accordance with ture, and take immediate delivery of their

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE,

issued in Exchange. Hongkong, 14th July, 1882.

FREDERIC ALGAR. COLONIAL, NEWSPAPER & COMMIS-

THE Colonial Press supplied with Newspapers, Books, Types, Ink, Presses, Papers, Correspondents, Letters; and any European Goods on London terms.

NETHERLANDS INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

Goods-with the exception of Opium-are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Undersigned, whence and/or from the Wharves or Boats delivery may be ob-

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Hongkong, July 17, 1882.

Undersigned for countersignature, and to

Fire Insurance will be effected. Optional Cargo will be forwarded on to

RUSSELL & Co., Agents.

SINGAPORE.

YORK. expense into the Godown of the Under-signed. have quick despatch.

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES. CONSIGNEES of the following Cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for counter-signature, and take immediate delivery. This Cargo has been landed and stored at

Ex Yangte.

Hongkong, J.

K. C., 28 bales

# Notices to Consignees.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES. S. S. "NIIGATA MARU," FROM

KOBE AND NAGASAKI. CONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above

Goods from alongside, Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining on board after Tuesday, the 18th Instant, will be landed and stored at Consignees' expense and risk. No Fire Insurance will be effected.

H. J. H. TRIPP. Mitsu Bishi Mail S. S. Co. Hongkong, July 17, 1882.

Shipping.

Steamers.

FOR LONDON AND HAMBURG, VIA SUEZ CANAL. The Steamship Capt. PAULSEN, will be despatched for the above. Ports on or about the 15th Instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to SIEMSSEN & Co., Agents. Hongkong, July 6, 1882

FOR LONDON VIA SUEZ CANAL. The Steamship Captain Rowley, will be despatched as above on

or about the 18th Instant.

For Freight, apply to GILMAN & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, July 12, 1882. FOR SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW. The Steamship Capt. WESTORY, will be despatched for the above

Ports on FRIDAY, the 21st Instant, at For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co. Hongkong, July 17, 1882.

STEAM TO BOMBAY VIA STRAITS. The P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Sumatra will leave for the above Steamship place on SATURDAY, 22nd July, at 4 p.m.

A. McIVER,

Superintendent,

P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Offico, Hongkong, July 11, 1882. FOR LONDON VIA SUEZ CANAL, The Steamship "Glenearn,"
Captain Duke, will be despatched as above on

or about the 22nd Instant.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co. Hongkong, July 5, 1882. FOR BRISBANE, SYDNEY AND MEL-BOURNE, VIA FOOCHOW. The Eastern and Australian S Steamer tralian Steamship Co.'s

For Freight or Passage, apply to

For Freight or Passago, apply to GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Agents. Hongkong, July 15, 1882.

FOR SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE,

VIA SINGAPORE.

44 Catterthun,"

(Calling at PORT DARWIN & QUEENS LAND PORTS, and taking through Cargo to NEW ZEALAND, NEW CALE DONIA, TASMANIA and FLJI.) The Eastern and Austrolian Steamship Co.'s Chartered Steamer "Menmuir," Cantain ELLIS, will be despatched as above on or about FRIDAY, the 4th August.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

Hongkong, July 15, 1882.

Sailing Vessels. FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The 3/3 L.1.1. American Ship. " Lucy A. Nickels."

RUSSELL & Co.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,

Hongkong, June 28, 1882. FOR NEW YORK. The 3/3 L.1.1. American Ship DUNBAR, Master, will load here to for the above Port, and will

For Freight, apply to

For Freight, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, June 25, 1882.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO. The American Ship FRENCH, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

Hongkong, June 28, 1882;

RUSSELL & Co.

Mails.



PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG. COLOMBO, ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, PLYMOUTH,

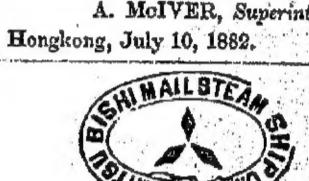
AND LONDON ..

AUSTRALIA. N.B .- Cargo can be taken on through Bills: of Lading for BATAVIA, PERSIAN GULF PORTS, MARSEILLES, TRIESTE, HAMBURG, NEW YORK

KHEDIVE, Captain Tomur, with Hor Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this for LONDON direct, vid SUEZ CANAL and usual Ports of Call, on FRIDAY, the 21st July, at Daylight.

Noon on the day previous. Parcels and Specie (Gold) at the Office until Noon on the day previous. For further Particulars, regarding FREIGHT and PASSAGE, apply to the PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGA-TION COMPANY'S Office, Hongkong, The Contents and Value of Packages are

pany's Black Bills of Lading. 7. This Vessel will call at Colosseo.



MITSU BISHI MAIL STEAMSHIP

COMPANY

(Taking Cargo and Passengers for YOKO. HAMA and VLADIVOSTOCK.) THE S. S. NIIGATA MARU, Captain WYNN, will be despatched as above on FRIDAY, the 21st July, at 4 p.m.

Cargo received on board and Parcels at

No Bill of Lading signed under \$2

the Office up to 1 p.m. of day of sailing.

All Claims must be settled on board before delivery is taken, otherwise they will not be recognized. Cargo and Passengers for Yokohama will be transhipped to the Shanghai Mail

Floor of Messrs Russell & Co. H. J. H. TRIPP. Hongkong, July 11, 1882.

TO JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES, MEXICO, CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA, AND EUROPE, THE OVERLAND RAILWAYS,

on SATURDAY, the 29th July, 1882, at on or about FRIDAY, the 28th July, at 5 Noon, Connection being made at Yokohama, with Steamers from Shanghai and Japan All Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; and same will be received at the Company's Office, until 5 p.m. the

> or Passage, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 50A, Queen's Road Central. F. E. FOSTER.

toms, San Francisco.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA

Francisco, via Yokohama, on SATURDAY. the 12th August, 1882, at Noon, taking Nickers, Master, will load here Passengers, and Freight, for for the above Port, and will United States, and Europe. Passengers, and Freight, for Japan the Through Bills of Lading issued for trans-portation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Inland Cities of the United States, via Over-

land Railways, to Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central

and South America, by the Company's and

On prepaid RETURN PASSAGE TICKETS & REDUCTION of 25 % is made. Freight will be received on board until 4 p.m. on the 11th August. Parcel Packages will be received at the office until o p.m. same day; all Parcel Packages should be

marked to address in full; value of same

is required.

Consular Invoices to accompany Overland Cargo should be sent to the Company's

Hongkong, July 15, 1882.

BOMBAY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, AND

AND BOSTON. THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steam-ship Cargo will be received on board until

required to be declared prior to shipment. Shippers are particularly requested to note the terms and conditions of the Com-

A. McIVER, Superintendent.



STEAM TO NAGASAKI AND KOBE. VIA INLAND SEA.

Steamer at Kobe, and for Vladivostock at

For further Particulars, apply at the

Company's OFFICES, Praya Central, Ground

Nagasaki.

Occidental & Oriental Steam-Ship Company. TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS

ATLANTIC & OTHER CONNECTING STEAMERS THE S. S. COPTIC will be despatched for San Francisco via Yokohama, Capt. MILLER, will be despatched as above

> day pravious to sailing. A REDUCTION of 25 % made on all RETURN PASSAGE ORDERS ISSUED. Consular Invoices to accompany Over-land, Mexican, Central and South American Cargo, should be sent to the Company's

Offices addressed to the Collector of Cus-

For further information as to Freight

Hongkong, July 15, 1882. U. S. MAIL LINE.

OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING AT YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO. THE U. S. Mail Steamship CITY OF TOKIO will be despatched for San

connecting Steamers. Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of Steamers.

Offices in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco. For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 50a, Queen's Road Central. F. E. FOSTER, Agent

### For Sale.

MacEWEN, FRICKEL & Co. No. 53, Queen's Road East, (OPPOSITE THE COMMISSARIAT), RE NOW LANDING, EX BRITISH BARQUE

"STILLWATER."

## DEVOE'S NONPARIEL BRILLIANT KEROSINE OIL,

150° test. -

SPARTAN COOKING STOVES.

FAIRBANKS SCALES. OAKUM.

TURPENTINE.

EX "AMERICAN MAIL." **ALIFORNIA** RACKER OMPANY'S BISCUITS in 5 ib

> CUITS. Fancy Sweet Mixed BISCUITS. Ginger CAKES. Soda BISCUITS. Oyster BISCUITS

Cracked WHEAT. OATMEAL.

HOMINY. CORNMEAL.

TOPOCAN BUTTER Eastern and Californian CHEESE. Boneless CODFISH. Prime HAMS and BACON. Eagle Brand Condensed MILK. PEACH and APPLE BUTTER. Pickled OX-TONGUES. Family PIG-PORK in kegs and pieces Paragon MACKEREL in 5 to cans. Beau Ideal SALMON in 5 fb cans.

Outting's Dessert FRUITS in 21 to cans. Assorted Canned VEGETABLES Potted SAUSAGE and Sausage MEAT. Stuffed PEPPERS. Assorted PICKLES. MINCEMEAT.

COMB HONEY in Original Frames. Richardson & Robbin's Celebrated Potted MEATS. Richardson & Robbin's Curried OYSTERS Lanch TONGUE. McCarty's Sugar LEMONADE.

Clam CHOWDER. Smoked SALMON. Green TURTLE in 21 to cans.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF STORES. including:

TEYSSONEAU'S DESSERT FRUITS. ALMONDS and RAISINS. PICNIC TONGUES. COCOATINA.

VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA. Lienig's & Epp's COCOA. FRENCH PLUMS. PATE DE FOIE GRAS.

MINCEMEAT. SAUSAGEŚ.

BRAWN. ISIGNY BUTTER

DANISH BUTTER. BREAKFAST TONGUES.

ANOHOVIES. ASPARAGUS. SOUPS, &c.

WINES AND SPIRITS. CHAMPAGNES-

HIEDSIECK'S MONOPOLE & WHITE VEUVE CLIQUOT PONSARDIN. JULES MUMM & Co., pints & quarte. CLARETS-

CHATEAU MARGAUX. CHATEAU LA ROSE, pints & quarts, CHATEAU LAFITE, 1RES. GRAVES. BREAKFAST CLARET,"

SHERRIES & PORT-

SACCONE'S MANZANILLA & AMON-TILLADO. SACCONE'S OLD INVALID PORT HUNT'S PORT.

BRANDY, WHISKY, LIQUEURS, &c. and S-star HENNESSY'S BRANDY. BISQUIT DUBOUCHE & Co.'s BRANDY FINEST OLD BOURBON WHISKY. KINAHAN'S LL WHISKY. ROYAL GLENDEE WHISKY. CHARTREUSE MARASCHINO.

OURACAO. ANGOSTURA, BOKER'S and ORANGE BITTERS. œo., dec. dec.

BASS'S ALE, bottled by CAMERON and SAUNDERS, pints and quarts. J. BURKE, pints and quarts. PILSENER BEER, in quarta. DRAUGHT ALE and PORTER, by the Gallon. ALE and PORTER, in hogsheads.

> SPECIALLY SELECTED CIG

Fine New Season's CUMSHAW TEA, in 5 and 10 catty Boxes. BREAKFAST CONGOU @ 25 cents p. 16.

SEASIDE LIBRARY, 15 to 25 cents. FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, 15 to

25 cents. MILNE'S PATENT FIRE-PROOF SAFES, and CASH BOXES, a Manufacturer's Prices. Hongkong, June 1, 1882.

#### Insurances.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

CAPITAL,-Two MILLIONS STERLING. THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Pourcies against the Risk of FIRE on Buildings or on Goods stored therein, on Goods on board Vessels and on Hulla of Vessels in Harbour, at the usual Terms and Conditions.

Proposals for Life Assurances will be received, and transmitted to the Directors for their decision. If required, protection will be granted on

first class Lives up to £1000 on a Single For Rates of Premiuns, forms of proposals or any other information, apply to ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co., Agents, Hongkong & Canton.

Hongkong, January 4, 1867. VANGTSZE INSURANCE

ASSOCIATION. CAPITAL (Fully Paid-up).....Tls. 420,000.00 PERMANENT RESERVE.......Tls. 230,000,00 SPECIAL RESERVE FUND ...... Tls. 290,553.95

TOTAL CAPITAL and Ac-April, 1882.....

Directors. H. DE C. FORBES, Esq., Chairman. Alphabetical RIS- J. H. PINCRYOSS, WM. MEYERINE, Eaq. Eaq. A. J. M. INVERABITY, G. H. WHEELER.

> HEAD OFFICE-SHANGHAL Mosses RUSSELL & Co., Secretaries.

LONDON BRANCH: Messrs BARING BROTHERS & Co.. Bankers.RICHARD BLACKWELL, Esq., Agent, 68 and 69, Cornhill.

Policies granted on Marine Risks to all parts of the World. Subject to a Charge of 12 % for Interest on Shareholders' Capital, all the PROFITS of the Underwriting Business are annually distributed among all Contributors of Business (whether Shareholders or not) in proportion to the Premia paid by them.

RUSSELL & Co., 10082

Hongkong, May 8, 1882.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE. INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER OF His Majesty King George The First, A. D. 1720.

for the Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Corporation are prepared to grant Insurances as follows :-Marine Department.

Policies at current rates, payable either here, in London or at the principal Ports of India, China and Australia. Fire Department.

Policies issued for long or short periods at current rates. Life Department.

Policies issued for sums not exceeding £5,000 at reduced rates. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co. Hongkong, July 25, 1872.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY THE Undersigned, AGENTS of the above

L Company, are authorized to Insure against FIRE at Current Rates. GILMAN & Co.

Hongkong, January 1, 1882. MANCHESTER FIRE INSURANCE

COMPANY OF

MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1824. Capital of the Company £1,000,000 Sterling of which is paid up £ 100,000 m Reserve Fund upwards of £ 120,000

Annual Income £ 250,000

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company at Hongkong, Canton, Fooehow, Shanghai, and Hankow, and are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Hongkong, October 15, 1868.

THE TOKIO MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE MITSU BISHI MAIL S. S. CO. having been appointed Agents for Loong. the above Company, the Undersigned is prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at Current Rates and usual Discounts. H. J. H. TRIPP,

Agent, M. B. M. S. S. Co. Hongkong, April 26, 1882.

THE CITY OF LONDON FIRE IN-SURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED. CAPITAL, £2,000,000. | PAID-UP, £200,000.

PAID UP RESERVE FUND, £50,000. THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company are

prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates. GEO. R. STEVENS & Co. Hongkong, January 1, 1882.

GUINNESS'S STOUT, bottled by E. & THE SOUTH BRITISH FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW ZEALAND. CAPITAL £1,000,000 (One Million Sterling).

Unlimited Liability of Shareholders.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company are prepared to accept FIRE and MARINE RISKS at Current Rates, allowing usual

GEO. R. STEVENS & Co. Hongkong, July 1, 1881.

NOTICE.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COM-PANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to accept Risks on First Class Godowns at per cent, nett premium per annum. NORTON & Co., Agenta. Hongkong, May 19, 1881.

## To-day's Advertisements.

NETHERLANDS INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED

FOR AMOY. The Steamship " William Mackinnon, Captain OREILE, will be despatched for the above Port on THURSDAY, the 20th Instant, at Daylight instead of as previously advertised. For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,

Hongkong, July 18, 1882.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY. FOR LONDON VIA SUEZ CANAL, The Co.'s Steamship

Captain Kidn, will be despatched on or about the 23rd Instant. For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, July 18, 1882. OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY. FOR SHANGHAI VIA AMOY.

CUMULATIONS, 6th } ... Tls. 940,553.95 (Taking Cargo & Passengers at through rates for NINGPO, CHEFOO, NEW-CHWANG, TIENTSIN, HANKOW and Ports on the YANGTSZE,) The Co.'s Steamship

"Glaucus." Capt. Jackson, will be despatched on or about the 26th Instant. For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE. Hongkong, July 18, 1882.

FOR SINGAPORE AND AUSTRALIAN PORTS. The A 1 British Steamer

will be despatched as above on or about the 26th Instant. For Freight or Passage, apply to

ADAMSON, BELL & Co. Auents. Hongkong, July 18, 1882.

TO BE LET. THE ELIGIBLE BUSINESS PRE-MISES lately in the occupation of Mossrs MacEwen, FRICKEL & Co., No. 43, QUEEN'S ROAD; also GODOWNS and SHOP adjoining same.

Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS Hongkong, June 5, 1882.

TO BE LET.

(WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.) THE HOUSE, No. 1, ALBANY, -8 ROOMS and Servants' Offices, GARDEN and

STABLING. GAB and WATER laid on. Apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS.

Hongkong, June 5, 1882. TO LET.

THREE HOUSES in RICHMOND TERRACE, Bonham Road. Rent

Apply to HONGKONG DISPENSARY. Hongkong, July 7, 1882.

Not Responsible for Debts.

Alerther the Captain, the Agents, nor Owners will be Responsible for any Debt contracted by the Officers or Crew of the following Vessels, during their stay in Honghong Harbour :-

ALEXA, British barque, Capt. C. Robb. -D. M. Hutchison. Archos, British barque, Captain Ed. B. Halliday. - Borneo Company, Limited. EMBLEM, British ship, Capt. W. Roberts.

-P. & O. S. N. Co. FEI LUNG, British steamer, Capt. W. N. Allison.—D. Musso & Co. A. D. Barnard. - Ed. Schellhass & Co.

S. R. BEARCE, American barque, Captain WILLIAM MACKINNON, Dutch str., Capt. J. Oreille.-Jardine, Matheson & Co.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 17, Saltee, French steamer, 323, Biard, Haiphong July 15, General. SHING July 18, Afghan, British steamer, 1334, Rowley, Foochow July 16, Tea -GILMAN & Co. July 18, Khedire, British steamer, 2123

Tea.-P. & O. S. N. Co. DEPARTURES. July 18, Olympia, for Saigon. 18, Nelson, for Singapore, &c. 18, Shun-on, for Haiphong. 18, China, for Swatow.

CLEARED. Albatros, for Tientsin. Afghan, for London, &c. Cheang Hock Kian, for Swatow. Arratoon Apear, for Singapore, Penang, and Calcutta. Atalanta, for Saigon.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED. Per Kludive, from Shanghai, Mesara Botelho and Crunow, Mr and Mrs Young and 2 servants, Messrs G. Platts, C. Bond and 10 Chinese. Per Salte, from Haiphong, 3 Chinese.

Per Olympia, for Saigon, 20 Chinese. Per Nelson, for Singapore, 50 Chinese for Australia, 2 Europeans, and 33 Chinese. Per Shun-on, for Haiphong, 6 Chinese. Per China, for Swatow, 230 Chinese. To DEPART. Per Arratoon Apoar, for Singapore, &c.

DEPARTED.

Mrs Hofisch, Mr D. A. da Costa, and 182 Per Atalanta, for Saigo 60 Chinese. SHIPPING REPORTS.

Strong North and North Cale with high Cross sea. The British Low glass 29.64 East to S.E. indications of cycl Weather very unsets.

POST OFFICE NOTICES. MAILS will close:

For SWATOW AND AMOY .-Per Cheang Hock Kian, at 9.30 a.m. To- press, continued with more or less violence morrow, the 19th inst., instead of as previously notified. For AMOY .--

Per Wm. Mackinnon, at 5 p.m. Topreviously notified. For SWATOW, AMOY, & FOOCHOW .-Per Namoa, at 11.30 a.m., on Friday, the 21st inst.

For NAGASAKI AND KOBE .--Per Niigata Maru, at 3.30 p.m., Friday, the 21st inst. For NAGASAKI AND YOKOHAMA.-

Per Bungalore, at 11.30 a.m., on Satur-

day, the 22nd inst. For STRAITS AND BOMBAY .-Per Sumatra, at 3.30 p.m., on Saturday, the 22nd inst. For STRAITS SETTLEMENTS .-

Per Picciola, at 3.30 p.m., on Saturday, the 22nd inst, MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW

General Memoranda.

THURSDAY, July 20 :-Daylight .- William Mackinnon leaves for

FRIDAY, July 21 :of Call and Europe. Noon. - Namoa leaves for Coast Ports. 4 p.m.-Mitsu Bishi Mail leaves for Nagasaki, &c.

SATURDAY, July 22 :--Noon .- Austion of Stock-in-Trade, &c., at Mr J. M. Armstrong's. 4 p.m. - Sumatra leaves for Bombay.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY. Established A.D. 1841.

香港大樂房 A. S. WATSON & Co., FAMILY & DISPENSING CHEMISTS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS. IMPORTERS SITES, TOILET REQUISITES, ENGLISH,

AMERICAN, AND FRENCH PATENT MEDICINES. MANUFACTURERS

Soda Water, Lemonade, Tonio Water, Gingerade, Potass Water, Sarsaparilla Water, and other Acrated Waters. The Manufactory is under direct and continuous European Supervision.

Hongkong, June 1, 1876. The publication of this issue commenced

## at 8.50 p.m. The China Itiail.

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JULY 18, 1882.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The next English Mail, by the S. S. Thibet, may be expected to arrive here brings dates up to 16th June. The next AMERICAN MAIL por the P. M. str. City of Tokio may be expected

to arrive here on or about the 29th

instant. Her dates from San Fran-

cisco are up to the 1st instant. TELEGRAMS for Bangkok can go forward by mail closing at Singapore at 1 p.m. tomorrow the 19th, and 4 p.m. on 20th inst.

No political telegram has been obtained from Reuter to-day, although business telegrams are being freely forwarded from London and received here. Why?

FROM Canton we learn that there was not a very bright look-out there to-day, owing to their having had a Typhoon scare. The Barometer was down to 29.75 last night. that they ordinarily wear, and they were of This morning the sky was thick and small rain was falling. The wind however had changed from the North E. to the East, and the Barometer had risen slightly:

RETURN of Visitors to the City Hall Museum for the week ending July 16th :-European. Monday. Tuesday. Wednesday. Thursday, Saturday. P. S. Tomlin, Shanghai July 15, Mails and Total, Grand total, 2,196.

> STRIKES, like epidemics, have a tendency to spread. . The example set by the stone. masons about a month ago has been followed by others besides the cargo boat coolies. Those in the employ of the Wang Tai Company, who are paid bi-monthly, received their wages on Thursday without expressing any dissatisfaction. Yesterday morning. however, a great many of them failed to put in an appearance, and business has been more or less at a standstill. The disaffection, it is believed, has been caused by intimidation on the part of the other malcontents; in other words, it is another phase of the jealousy and ill-feeling which exists between the Ningpo and Shanghai labourers.

WE (N. C. D. News) learn from a Hawaiian

contemporary that the Tourists, a theatrical and musical company, left Honolulu for Yokohama in the S. S. Monarch on the 15th ult. These artistes have had a successful while Mr Mehden's fame as a solo cornetin the Far East.

-N.-C. Daily News.

The gale, which we noted as having commenced last evening before we went to

YESTERDAY'S GALE.

until past midnight. In the afternoon the ba ometer rapidly fell, the wind began to blow fresh from the north, and general morrow, the 19th inst., instead of as preparations were made for a "blow." The Ichang moved away from the wharf to one of the bays to the eastward, steam-launches and boats of all kinds sought shelter, the ferry-launches stopped running, and the Praya side of the larbour was cleared of small craft. Towards evening the wind veered round to the eastward, and then to the E.S.E., while the gusts became violent, and the rain fell in terrents. At 8 p.m. the barometer was 29.40, and still falling. From the record given below it will be

seen that the lowest reading was shown at 8.45 :--29,40 9.50 p.m. 29.46 29.38 29.36 10.25 29.3829.52 29.42 9.20 29.55 11.30 29.43 .12.15 29.44 29.58

We hear with recret that one boatman lost his life near Peddar's wharf, when Daylight. - English Mail leaves for Ports | efforts were being made to save him; he boen struck by something and stunned.

have been saved. So far as can be learned the damage ing description. Although a number of junks were capsized in the harbour, the occupants, with the exception of five of the crew of a junk which was overturned at Yau-ma Ti, have escaped. At West Point two men were saved by some officers who were residing at the Sailors' Home. A boat belonging to the Mecance was upset near Peddar's Wharf during one of the heaviest gusts shortly be-Daugeists' Sundries, Nursery Requi- fore eight o'clock, and two seamen, the only occupants, were thrown into the water. The constable on duty at the wharf and several others succeeded in rescuing the men by throwing lines to them and drawing them on shore. A lighter belonging to Messrs Butterfield & Swire has been sunk, and a quantity of matting damaged. which had been on the lookout to render assistance if necessary, was swampthe safety of the Doctor and Paymaster of and also at the Naval Yard, these gentlemen having left the latter place in a small boat between six and seven o'clock yesterday evening; as they were not heard of at either place this morning much concern was manifested at both places, but the matter was set at rest by information

were several other minor casualties. The members of the Humane Society were on the Praya in strong force, and though their services were fortunately not in great request, they did what there was to do. We are glad to note that they were aided by several gentlemen, especially near

to Peddar's Wharf.

CORRESPONDENCE POLICEMEN'S RAINCOATS. To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL" Hongkong, 18th July. SIR,-During the storm last night, one's notice could not fail to be attracted by the wretched appearance of the policemen on duty. I saw two European policemen on the Praya simply clad in the cotton clothes course drenched through to the skin. These poor fellows, I believe, went on duty at six o'clock p.m., and had to remain on their beat until midnight. I asked one of the men where his raincoat was, and he replied by going to some gateway and finding out a little cloth shoulder cape, so wet as to be worse than useless-- "You know, Sir, a horse could not stand- this," said he, pointing down to his saturated clothes, and figura

tively speaking the man was right I think for it would take some more than ordinary strong European constitution to come ou of such a trying ordeal unscathed. I trust that the police authorities may soon see their way to extending a little common humanity to their subordinates ( think I noticed last night, that the inspectors had on the best of antipluvian arrangements); at any rate, if not the police authorities I am certain that if this matter is properly represented to His Excellency Administrator it will soon remedied. Failing that, why, the public of Hongkong might raise a subscription and present these unfortunate policemen with Your obedient servent,

SUPREME COURT. IN CRIMINAL SESSIONS. (Before Sir G. Phillippo, Chief Justice.) Tuesday, July 18.

apathy is being carried too far in this mat-

SWIVELEYE, JR.

A jury was impannelled. he had any objections to the jury.

wanting to complete the seven. Two infected with a disease which would exclude of the gentlemen who had been empanelled him from Society, to publish anything of and he had to stand aside,

with Mr Mackean, appeared for Mr Band- which would be its natural effect. It was mann (instructed by Mesers Brereton and said in law to have been done maliciously, Wotton), opened the case for the complainant.

by the defendant.

personally well known to all of them,of a newspaper. In connection with these duty imposed upon him to start a newsduties or responsibilities. Newspaper editors

good article. They had no duties, no one of them in that Court to-day. They were caterers of items of public intelligence, they made it their business to supgathered from all the world according to their means. Some newspapers devoted immense sums of money and tremendous machinery to the collection of that intelligence; but the newspaper collated and compared and summarised, and published but solely as a money speculation, because in so doing it would supply a public necessity. They were equally perfectly at liberty to amuse themselves in collecting items of news in any shape or form, of a letter, a pamphlet, a broad-side or an express. The editor of a newspaper in these days of division of labour made it his business to think for the public. The public in these busy days had not much time to think for themselves, and the editor either by himself or through his colleagues in the conduct of the newspaper, looked back into at liberty to do precisely the same thing in the performances of artists, actors, dramathoroughly competent in law to criticise these men as the editor of any newspaper. He had no duties, no privileges, no responsibliz-

before objection was taken, filled up the him that would expose him to hatred, blanks, and the jury was then as follow :- ridicule, and contempt from his fellow-Messra T. E. Davis, G. Allan, A. S. Gar-men. No one was at liberty to publish fitt, H. Smith, J. J. Bell-Irving, E. F. anything of him that would injure Fock, and J. G. dos Remedios. Mr Boffey him in his trade or occupation. If any. was called, but Mr Francis took objection, thing of that sort was published, the mere fact of its publication implied that it and became either the subject for an action There were many instances in which in the injure. There were classes of publications ings in Parliament, and proceedings in whom the information was conveyed solely publication was privileged because it was for them among their friends, their privilege these two classes of cases and in every posed, he was under no obligation to and public interest, and possessed no more rights or privileges than any other one who subject that might be attracting public attention at the time. To come more closely to the matter in hand, Mr Fraser Smith stood there charged with having exceeded the bounds of legitimate criticism and with having gone far beyond that which would have been a fair and reasonable and proper criticism of any actor, with having done that maliciously and from no public benefit that was to be derived from it, but for the purpose of giving pain and doing injury. Ho was charged with going behind the scenes, with penetrating behind the privacy that enshrined the actor when the drop curtain fell, and there prying into the acts of his whole life, into the dealings with his company, into the history of the past, and dragging things which were secred in the lives of all men

The Registrar read over the information | was done with intent to injure the person, and indictment, and Mr Francis, who, along and to produce on the public mind that The defendant was unrepresented by coun- for damages or a criminal prosecution. Mr Francis said that, with his Lord- interests of the public at large, in the inship's permission, before addressing him- terest of the State and good government, self to the Jury, he should like to take his in which the mere publication of matter of Lordship's opinion as to whether he was the character he (Mr Francis) had just inat liberty at that moment to practically dicated would not be considered as necessademur to the plea which had been put in rily malicious or designed and intended to His Lordship said they had already which were privileged, such as the proceed-Mr Francis said the plaintiff in this Courts of law, although they might contain case, which was a private prosecution, was | matter which was injurious to the character Mr Daniel Edward Bandmann, an actor of of individuals. There were other classes of very considerable repute not merely in the Colonies or the provinces but in Paris, leged, not absolutely but according to the London and New York. He was a gentle public benefit public or private benefit to man who, according to the account giver of be derived from them. The privilege only him in Men of the Time, displayed from existed when the person publishing the the very earliest years of youth evidences defamatory matter acted honestly and of very great aptitude for the stage. He bond fide with the view of public benefit. had been carefully educated for the stage and when it was shown directly or indirectly at the expense, it appeared, and under the and the jury came to the conclusion that patronage of the Sovereign of the Duchy of he acted only for public or private benefit Mecklenburg. He had appeared on the and out of no malice or desire to do injury great stages in Berlin, and in Paris, and he to the person to whom his defamatory went afterwards to America. He studied matter was addressed. Were malice proved lost his hold of the rope, and went down, the English language there, and he repro- that privilege would fail. He would give and it was supposed that he must have duced many of the great characters of an illustration—it was the common illustra-Shakespeare, which he had performed pre- tion in use in all books on the subject. A viously on the German stage. He appeared person was aware that a friend of his was Fortunately a considerable number of lives in 1836 at the Lyceum Theatre in London, about to engage a servant. Knowing that and his success was so great that Lord the servant has been guilty of dishousat Lytton, who witnessed his performance of acts or was untrustworthy he called and in-Narcisse, invited him to Knebworth. Herr formed the friend and put him on his done by the gale has been of a triff- Bandmann had been for some time past guard; that was one of the privileged actravelling with a company through the tions which the law privileged and sanc-East. He had been in Australia, in India, tioned, provided that what was done was and in China. The defendant in the case Mr done within the limits of the privilege Robert Fraser-Smith was, Mr Francis said. granted in the interests of the person to & known here a couple of years ago as an able with the metive of doing that person some and energetic accountant, known after good. The law even, when the motive was wards in connection with racing matters, good, overlooked exaggeration in such a and he had within the last fifteen or six statement; but if it could be shown that teen months started a newspaper; and in other persons had been spoken to, and that connection with that newspaper no one the person who gave the information had would deny that he had exhibited an been actuated by a desire to hurt and injure amount of energy, an amount of independ- this servent he would be just as defenceence and ability, which if better applied less when the charge was taken as though would have done great and good work. the occasion for the defamation had never But Mr Francis was afraid they would have existed. They could go and see the greatest to come to the conclusion before the con- actor upon the stage and when they came clusion of the case, that he was wanting to back they could amuse themselves by some extent in knowledge of the duties and writing a pamphlet for circulation amongst responsibilities which he took upon himself their friends, ridiculing and criticising the when he became proprietor and publisher actor in the most severe terms. That duties and responsibilities he (Mr Francis) | the public benefit, because men who came would beg to draw their attention in the first | before the public and asked for the public place to this that he had undertaken there money laid themselves open to criticism. It One of the boats of the gunboat Lily, duties and responsibilities, whatever they was in the interests of all that public men were, of his own free will, purely as a com- should be criticised as long as it was within mercial enterprise, and that whatever he the limits of fair and honest criticism might say in his newspaper or elsewhere as Although it might be severe and ill-judged ed, but the crew fortunately were to the public necessity, the great and crystill public benefit created a privilege for saved. Some anxiety was felt regarding ing necessity, for such a newspaper, or them. But if they followed that actor off anything of that sort, the only interest the stage and into his private life, or into which necessitated it was the interest of est the private dealings with the members of the Victor Emmanuel on board that vessel tablishing himself in business and making the company by whom he was supported, if and also at the Naval Yard, these gen. money, and that this public interest if it they looked back into his past, and instead existed was only his opportunity of doing of discussing the question as to how he had so, and that there was no call on him in interpreted Shakespeare's creations, they any sense-proper sense of the word-any were to take up his antecedents and publish self-constituted guardian of public morals

paper and to undertake any such serious would absolutely fall away from them. In and proprietors were in the habit of talk. other class of case a newspaper editor was ing of their duties to the public. They no more privileged, had no more right to had no duties to the public beyond that of transgress the law than any one of them being received that they had taken refuge a vendor of wares, who undertook to sell His privileges were simply those of any on Thursday next, the 20th inst. She on one of the steamers in harbour. There and dispense to the public a genuine and ordinary individual, his duties were selfrights, no privileges specially constituted publish this, that or the other thing, except to them, as editors or proprietors of it was found convenient, and because he newspapers, which were not possessed saw it would attract readers to his to precisely the same extent by every newspaper, and therefore pay. He was a ply the public with items of news-facts might think fit to discuss any particular history, whether it was the history of into the public view; absolutely without states and of peoples, the history of any necessity whatever to justify him science, the history of art or the history in so doing. There were cases, many of literature, and endeavoured from the of them, in which it might be necessary history of the past to throw light on what for a public paper and in doing which is occurring to day. They endeavoured to great credit accrued to the public print. guide opinion and to forecast the future to dive as it were into the lives of from the result of that study. That was private individuals and drag their evil another division of the labours of a news doings to the light. Perhaps the first and paper editor. His leading articles embodied most important of these was one in which that class of information, but there was not | the fines was engaged. A gang of swinone of them who were they competent or diers, in the nature of a long firm, cahad the inclination, was not perfectly tablished itself in London, and commenced a series of operations by which in all proany form or shape. They were all of them | bability they would have perpetrated a treas competent to criticise the conduct of mondous commercial swindle. The Times. public affairs, the actions of public men, investigated the matter, the scheme was brought to light and fell entirely to the tists, or any man who put himself before ground, and at trial arising out of the case the public. They were each of them as the Times was held to be justified. But was there anything in the two articles which they had heard read which it was the interest of the public to know. He (Mr ties which each one of them did not possess. Francis) was not saying that there was not He (Mr Francis) was wrong perhaps in a portion of the public who were curious to We cordially endorse the above, and saying that he had no greater responsibility. know these things, or were pleased what really begin to think that parsimony or In many cases he had greater and more they read them. He had no doubt there

This case, which has been several times not be so protected. If they were acquain. defamatory nature, and injurious to the before the Court, came on for trial to-day, | ted with any facts which it was the interest | character of the complainant that subserved A jury was impannelled.

Of the public to know they had individually any public interest whatever or from the Registrar asked Mr Fraser Smith if the same right to give them forth to which any public benefit was derived. How he had any objections to the jury.

the public as a newspaper editor had, and much better saleguarded were the public.

Southward, player is too widely spread to be unknown but when the list was exhausted, to publish of him that he had been guilty ing to his fallows of the press that My

it was found that there were still two of a crime, to publish of him that he was Freser-Smith hearing of the fact Dilent

themselves. From Japan they purpose aside.

at liberty to state in writing what were their prevent than from doing; nothing it would recessing over to Shanghai. Here, as also Mr Smith said he wished to be tried views of the man, of his style of acting, of enable than to do. What public bonefit is or at liberty to state in writing what were their prevent than from doing; nothing it would in Hongkong, Miss Marie Burton is well by a jury of his own countrymen. He his style of speaking, of his conception could be derived from the publication of the known. This will make the third visit of mentioned the names of the German of the character. What were the laws fact, if it were true, that a young Portuguese this lady to China. Mr Glover is also and Portuguese gentlemen to whom he which regulated the actions of all of them guess was assaulted and driven off the known in China, having been a member of took exception, and after these had in connection with defamatory matter In stage, where he had no business to he the Hudson Surprise Party. Eugene and left the box, only two jurous remained, the broad general law was He (Mr Francis) could conceive it nos. edire reports: Sarony cannot fail to make their mark, The Registrar proceeded to call the clear no person was at liberty to publish sible that any person acquainted with

Mr Fraser-Smith in objecting to the jury they had no greater protection than he interests for anything they contained supused the word "challenge," when His had in so doing. If they went to a theatriposing them to be true, although they were Lordship said that in misdemeanours the cal performance they were at liberty to undoubtedly false? That Mr Handmann jury could not be challenged. If Mr Smith express their opinions of the actor and of committed an assault on Mrs Rousby ... it Thinese.

The Cheang Hock King, for Swatow, 470 theatre-going public an opportunity to enjoy

ask the gentlemen objected to to stand opinions might be. They were perfectly they could gain from it, nothing it would be the could gain from it, nothing it would be the could gain from it, nothing it would be the could gain from it, nothing it would be the could gain from it, nothing it would be the could gain from it. names of the men in attendance, delamatory matter of another, that was that fact might be justified in communicat.

serious responsibility, because when they were newspapers in existence which did not addressed a letter, or pamphlet, or broad take into consideration the question of side it was only amongst their friends and public interest, the only question they took acquaintances that it circulated; when a into consideration was would it please the newspaper published anything on a public readers of the stuff they publish or was question it was addressing a more extensive It likely to attract public curiosity and draw audience. In many cases private com- out the public money? One question munications would be privileged and pro- which they would have to answer before tected, but if greater publicity was given coming to a decision in the case was whether the bandwann r. Praker smith libra but. than the occasion required the article would there was anything in these articles of a

China Mail to the effect that a reporter The publication of these facts although before them as the representative of injured belief that the statements contained therein had been kicked off the stage on a particular night, and that they had better not ven- sible justification. The facts, if facts they he certainly might have done and asked for ture on in case they should get kicked off were, had been coloured to satisfy the damages, damages which if he had been libelalso. If a summons had been taken out at the Police Court by the Portuguese youth. publication of that would have been justified, because it was important that all the proceedings in the Courts should be given judge, his critical faculty was so wide and jurymen to use their own good sense in full publication with a view to guarding the deep that it was something worse than high saying on what grounds the prosecutor purity and regularity of justice. The person who was justified in complaining did not complain. If any of them had received the | and proprietors of newspapers in that resinformation, they would not have been justified in talking or writing about it, neither was the editor or proprietor of a newspaper justified in so doing. In connection with this case he (Mr Francis) proposed to show clearly and unmistakably. morely as he might do from the character he would have to prove the truth of every speaker, knew too much, a great deal too and substance of these articles that they were written not to subserve any public end but out of pure malice, but he proposed, subject to the ruling of His Lordship, to show from other articles both before and after the publication of the two libels charged against defendant, directly connected with the subject matter of these libels, and rerepeating them in more or less definite torms, that he was actuated by malice and not by any good intent. If it was solely quite prepared to refute every item of the public interest he regarded the one publication was sufficient; but to repeat the same defamatory language, the same insulting charges, was evidence, clear and unmistakable evidence, that he was actuated by desire to hurt and injure. He also proposed to show the gentlemen the jury that the plausible statements with which the first article was introduced were unmistakably false-false not so much in The papers of the later date as they con- case, he did not think they, the jury, literal fact as false in intention and the idea which they were written to convey. Mr Francis read from the introduction to the article. "Tragic Power" from the words "amusing biographical" down to the word "Carson," -He would show to them on tolerable evidence that this piece of paper was in Mr Fraser-Smith's possession some time before he published it, and that he had paid so little attention to it that he had actually lost his own copy. He may have found it afterwards, but on the 8th or 9th of the month he was going about the Colony beg. 10th June. I saw it before. I had a copy be for the Jury to come to a decision ging people to lot him have a copy of this of it on a broadside sheet. I saw it some whether there was any truth in the broadside, and when asked if he was he was and that to was going to show Herr Bandmann the difference. He (Mr Francis) the post; it was lent to me. I remember actor of great notoriety, an accomplished tion to the first two articles in the Teles three days before the article "Tragic reason but to admit it, had done good for Mr Russell I had spoken to. I only knew graph with reference to Herr Bandmann by Power" was published, and said he the stage in his time. He was an actor after this case had been in the Police Court. Mr Fraser Smith. They were articles which he had not the least hesitation in saying did skit, and asked a loan of it. I asked 1868. The speaker had the pleasure of when I spoke to him. I did not resist Mr bank notes, of the value of ten rupces each, Mr Smith and his paper credit. They if he intended to publish it, and he seeing Mr Bandmann make his first Bandmann. On reaching the top of the on the 28th March, while the latter was seemed to him (Mr Francis) to be carefully said yes. He said he had had a copy of his appearance as "Narcisso," he had since steps Mr Bandmann shoved me down. I walking along Queen's Road. Sentence rewritten, carefully studied, and temperate critiques on the performances of "Hamlet" should not publish it. He did not say any- otherwise since that memorable occasion, plaint of this at the Police Court. I was and "Shylock" by Herr Bandmann and his troupe. But while perfectly fair, as it seemed to him, -of course there might be differences of opinion on that point me. I can't say that you came on the -to Herr Bandmann and Miss Beaudet. one of them was extremely severe on the other members of the troupe, and extremely severe on Herr Bandmann for having attempted to bring such a company before the public. Herr Bandmann was. annoyed and withdraw from publication in the columns of the Telegraph, the advertisement of his performance. The last time that advertisement appeared was the 7th of June. It was on the 8th or 9th that Mr Fraser-Smith was found hunting about the Colony for a copy of this particular broad- endeavour in a few words, not side which he attributes to Dave Carson, waste the valuable time of the gentleand it appeared in his paper on the 10th. | men of the jury, to take away the cob-Between the 10th and the 14th, the date of webs which the verbosity of the learned the second libel; he had given very clear in connsel must have left on their minds in timation to the public of the line he intend- the speech which he had just made to them. ed to adopt and of the spirit with which he was | The learned counsel had given them a very animated. It appeared in the article of Mon- lengthy dissertation on the law of libel. day June 12th which purported to be acritique | He had told, he (the speaker) must confess, on "Narcisse." Mr Francis read a por- in a very puzzling manner-at least, it had he confined himself to armed neutrality. state, however, that the learned counsel They had a very clear indication out of Mr had explained it from his own stand-point, Smith's own mouth, from his own pen, of and had not in a single instance of his exthe spirit by which he was actuated. His planation of defamatory libel touched on paper, so far as Mr Francis knew, was yery the actual points on which he (the speaker) widely read; his criticism of the first two was arraigned. He would put before them performances were we find very fair. They in a few words the actual points of the case were such as certainly would have induced | they were trying, and he was sure if he was many persons to go and see Herr Band- wrong, his Lordship would put him right. mann and his company, in other pieces and The learned counsel had told them a very in other characters. But they saw what great deal about what was known in law as oninion Mr Fraser-Smith entertained of the a privileged communication. He need value of his support and the support of the scarcely tell thom that he based his de-Telegraph. Not merely could he render fence specially upon the privilege which beassistance to Herr Bandmann, but he longed, as Mr Francis said, not only to the Mr Smith that the withdrawal of the adcould have actually made his stay here editor of a journal, but to every man; a a tremendous financial success. But privilege which was plainly laid down and as Herr Bandmann had taken offence plainly defined, and which he would make at one of his criticisms he would do perfectly plain to any understanding, and tent to do nothing. From the time that that unless they found express malice Horr Bandmann had expressed his displea- had been used in the publication of these sure at the criticisms on himself and com- articles that he had the right to claim pripany by withdrawing his advertisement, vilege. There was one great ease on thich Mr Fraser-Smith was not merely not his he was going to base his evidence, as it was friend but his open and declared enemy, and one that was perfectly well known. It was sought out a most scandalous libel which that of Laughton v. the Bishop of Sodor and had been privately circulated in the Colony, Man, and was found in the law reports, and gave to it all the publicity—the great volume 4. There Laughton in the House publicity, he no doubt considered it of Keys, in the Island of Man, had used appearing in the columns of his newspaper. very strong language towards the Bishop of Not only that, but at intervals since he had the Diocese with respect to some bill that in his different articles and critiques, by the he was endeavouring to get passed through use of the words Tragic Power and other the house. The Bishop, in addressing the phrases of that article, revived and recalled members of his diocese, used, in reply to it to the minds of his readers, and in more this attack made upon him, the strongest forms than one repeated and emphasised possible language; he called Laughton the falsest and worst of the charges that he the most infamous names and vilified had brought against him in the articles of him as far as the English language the 10th and 14th. Mr Fraser-Smith when could go, and further sent a copy of his he became editor and proprietor of a news- speech to the newspapers. Mr Smith paper became just as much a performer on traced the proceedings in the case, and said the public stage as Herr Bandmann was, that in the first occasion Laughton was suc- secutor's affidavit which alleged that the and Bandmann was as much at liberty constituent and bandmann was as much at li to criticise Mr Fraser-Smith as that gentle- decision being appealed against to a higher what the jury were asked to infer malice man was to criticise Bandmann : nothing Court the Privy Council reversed the decicould be more ridiculous, nothing could be sion and held that this defamatory speech more inconsistent than Mr Fraser-Smith's was sent to the newspaper as a privileged was composed of twelve members. He silly manifestation of anger because Herr communication in vindication of the per- would prove that there never were more Bandmann did not choose to agree with son. The Bishop in the case had than nine members of the company in him. He criticised Herr Bandmann, but he manifestly acted in defence of himself, and Hongkong which was an imposition on the would not be criticised by any one else. It not from any motives of illwill. His case was perfectly a matter of indifference so far was similar, and he should bring evidence that came before them. as the guilt of Mr Frazer-Smith was con- to prove everything he had said, and would Mr Frazer-Smith not being cerned whether the article called Tragic make it as clear as day that this prosecution Power was written by comebody else or had been taken for vindictive purposes. It was published formerly in my other news. had been plainly laid down by the Lords of paper. Having taken it and given it the Privy Council that the Bishop was prigreater publicity he had fathered every state- vileged for the purposes of defending himment in it and must be responsible for the self and informing the public of matters in consequences which follow its publication. which they were concerned. The case The worst charges which had been made which he had referred to was mentioned against. Herr Bandmann were that he by the learned counsel in a celebrated case, was a habitual woman beater, that he Nelson c. Pitman, in which the learned had been guilty of dastardly assaults counsel appeared for the defence, and upon women, and that he was known then expressed very dissimilar views to throughout the world as habitually guilty of | those which he had expressed that day, such offences. Mr Francis quoted portions and argued that the defendant was from the "Tragic Power article" com- tified in self-defence in characterising monted on several points, and asked the the speech of Mr Nelson as false and scanjury if they considered such writing fair delous. As a matter of fact he had been and legitimate criticisim on an actor. It informed that it did not make any differwas a vile attempt to injure him here and ence in the case whatever, whether the elsewhere in his profession. Mr Francis articles were true or false; whether there next went over several of the articles have was a single lota or vestige of truth ing reference to Herr Bandmann, which anything that had been written so long appeared in the Telegraph, and compared the as he believed that what he wrote was spirit in which they were written with that of true. He wrote them believing them the first two articles. He drew attention to be true and without malice, and the fact that Mr Frager-Smith gave to s in justification of the attack which was statement the weight of his own experience made upon his public character as the to the effect that he had witnessed such Editor of a newspaper. As they were scenes, or had been told of them by one of aware there were two ways of proceeding those concerned in them. Herr Bandmann for libel. There was a criminal action, an

they were true could have no pos- innecence, instead of coming before them as were true defendant's own vindictive spite against led he would have been justified in receiving. Herr Bandmann because that gentleman The Civil Act was for the purpose of giving had ventured to disagree with him in his damages, and the Criminal Act was devised criticism. He was such an emniscient for the security of the public. He left the treason for anyone to dare to dissent from in the case was justified in instituting him. He was no exception amongst editors pect. Mr Francis was afraid that editors as a rule believed their judgments to be infalltaken. He was not allowed to go into that) ible, and that they considered that any one who differed from them was wrong-headed box to depose to what he knew. No! that would have been veryfinconvenient to Mr and stupid. Mr Francis said the defendant had pleaded not guilty and justification: Daniel Edward Bandmann, at he, the much; for Mr Bandmann knew perfectly charge he had made, and if he failed in so well that if he had gone into the witness doing, the verdict must go against him. box and stated what ho knew personally and Mr Francis closed by stating that the ovidence he would put before them would be from other sources, that no jury would yory short, as it would consist of only one have given him damages, simply because everything that had been written was subwitness, and the reading of the paragraphs. It would be for Mr Fraser-Smith to put stantially true in fact. But no ! Bandmann such witnesses as he might possess into the took criminal proceedings. He closed the speaker's mouth. That was why this genwitness box to prove these charges, and when he had done so. Mr Francis would be tleman, this injured gentleman (referring to Mr Bandmann) came before them and said his character had been slandered, defamed, and asked for retaliation; he asked Mr Francis then put in the copies of that the speaker be put in gaol, instead of 10, 12, 14 and 21, and of the 6th and 14th taking his proper remedy. He asked for the

eriminal proceedings, when it was perfectly

plainto every person that it was not the pro-

per course. He thought he might explain to

them why it was that criminal action was

not got into the witness box and sworn

with regard to the criticisms on "Hamlet"

object of removing from their minds the sug-

criticism of "Hamlet" Mr Smith said that

was the criticism which the learned counse

had characterised as being carefully studied,

the Hongkong Telegraph of June 7, 8, 9, July. Mr Francis said the papers of the speaker's imprisonment, arrogantly boasting 10th and 14th June contained the libellous | that he would have the writer of the artiarticles, and the other papers were put in cles in gool three days after they had been with the specific purpose of proving that written. He, the speaker, was not in gao they contained deliberate malice in fact, yet, and so far as he could see of the tained subsequent articles referring to the would place him in that position. same subject matter, and the papers of the Smith then referred to the fact that 7th and 8th June which contained the first not a single witness had been put into two criticisms of Herr Bandmann's perfor- the witness box to prove a single statement. mances were put in to show the entire The prosecutor had not been put into the change of tone, between them and the witness box to vindicate his character as to aubsequent articles of the 9th and 10th those charges of ill-treating women-he had

Mr Harry Arnold Woolnough examined | upon oath that there was not one word of by Mr Francis; I am manager of the Hong- truth in any of the statements that appear kong Dispensary. I read the article in the Hongkong Telegraph and for which "Tragic Power" in the Telegraph of the he was arraigned there to-day. It would three or four weeks before it appeared in statements after he had placed his the Telegraph, I only saw one, but I heard witnesses before them. Mr Daniel Edof others. It did not come to me through ward Bandmann was an actor. an thing more than I have told you.

Cross-examined by Mr Fraser-Smith :-I don't remember the date you called on morning after the performance of "Hamlet." I had nothing to fix the exact date

Mr Francis said that was the case for the Mr Fraser-Smith asked Mr Francis if he did not intend to call the worthy prosecu-

Mr Francis: Certainly not. Mr. Fraser-Smith: Then I will: you may depend upon that. Mr Fraser-Smith then said he would Unfortunately he was not con- if he did that, his Lordship would rule

(said Mr Francis) knew auch a person there was a cavil action. The prosecutor

as Crellin in London, but had never this case whose character had been so de-

read a paragraph from one of the papers in which an adverse criticism had appeared, which spoke favourably of Herr Bandmann and his company, and proving vertisements could not have been the grounds on which malice had arisen as the learned counsel had suggested. He referred to the paragraph in which he had said that Herr Bandmann had withdrawn press privileges, a very ungentlemanly action, and which had resulted in his, the speaker's, withdrawing from a transaction which he and another gentleman had entered into to engage Herr Bandmann's Company for four nights. He had only to say with regard to what the learned counsel had said about the alleged libels having been made upon Herr Bandmann in consequence of the withdrawal of the advertisements that a more scandalous and atrocious lie was never heard in a Court of Justice. He would prove beyond all manner of doubt that the advertisementa were never withdrawn from his paper. He would prove as a matter of fact that the advertisements were only performances ordered for the "Hamlet" and the "Merchant of Venice" the last of which was performed on the 7th Jane, the day on which the advertisements ceased. He put in the profrom. Mr Smith read the advertisement in which it was stated that the company public. This was the public prosecutor defended I wish to interrupt as seldom as possible, but that question was not in issue. His Lordship said if they were to take in side issues there would be no end to the could subpoens any person he chose). trial: life was too short. Mr Smith agreed with His Lordship, am not aware whether the settlement Mr Smith in speaking of "Tragic Power" | contained in that note that Mr Bandmann said he was well aware that if there was only paid \$3 was true or not. I saw Mr anything libellous contained in the article Bandmann on the Monday morning followhe was as liable as if he had written it, but he ing the performance of Narcisse. Mr considered it a harmless skit, and referred Bandmann told me on that occasion that to the London comis papers in which the he had kicked the reporter of the Telegraph Prime Minister, great actors and great off the stage on the previous Saturday men of every description were often treated night. I asked for particulars, and Mr in a similar way. Mr Braser-Smith refer- Bandmann stated that a Portuguese had red to the Rousby case and detailed the appeared behind the scenes on that evening circumstances, regretting his inability to Mr Bandmann said he asked the enter the witness box to state the facts of he was and was answered that he belonged to the case as known to him, and to the re- the Honology Telegraph. Mr Bandmann said ference which he had made to Herr Hand- "What? Do you belong to the Telegraph," mann having been thrashed by Mr Crellin, took the party by the neck, gave him a a gentleman whom he had been acquainted kick and told him to pass it on to his with for some years in H.M.'s customs in master. Mr Bandmann appeared when London. He stated that one of the wit- rele ing this as if he had done a very good nesses whom he had subposnaed had left for thing. Mr Lewis spoke to me about the Shanghai on important business; and also same matter the same day. I saw you on that one of his witnesses in Shanghai had the steps of the Theatre when Remeo and written to by Herr Randmann, but Mr Fraser. Juliet was played; and you beckened me, Smith was not allowed to finish his remarks and asked what all this was about the kickby Mr Francia objecting. Mr Smith con- ing case. I expressed my surprise to find cluded by quoting Russell on privilege, and that you knew anything about it. Mr

His Lordship having stated that the do fendant was at liberty to call Mr Band

mann as a witness. Mr Fraser-Smith absolutely declined to do so, although Mr Bandmann himself rose and expressed his great anxiety to be put into the box.

Mr J. J. Barros examined by Mr Frascr-Smith: I am nineteen years of age. I am clerk at the Novelty Store, Queen's Road. I was formerly a clerk in the office of the Hongkong Telegraph, which place I left some months ago. I remember Narcisse being performed by Mr Bandmann's Company on the exening of June 10th. I was present in the Theatre on that occasion. paid for admittance. During the first act went behind the scenes. I spoke to one of the actors, who I afterwards found out to be Mr Russell. I had some conversation with Mr Russell. Whilst conversing with Mr Russell I saw-Mr Hahn come down from the dress circles with a bouquet in his hand. Mr Hahn offered the bouquet to Mr Bandmann and asked him present it to Miss Beaudet at the con clusion of the second act. Mr Russell took the bouquet and gave it to Mr Bandmann. Mr Bandmann threw the bouquet on the ground. Mr Bandmann then seized hold of Mr Hahn by the arm and turned him out, saying "Go and attend to your post." Mr Hahn said "I don't come here to bother you: I was asked by a lady to present this bouquet to Miss Beaudet. Mr Hahn Gon left. Mr Bandmann as soon red saw me stepped up to me, and sa What do you want here, young man? performance." Mr Bandmann then asked me where I belonged to, and I said I belonged to the Hongkong Telegraph. Before I said I belonged to the Telegraph, Mr Bandmann seized me violently by the arm. Mr Bandmann turned me out. He led me to the steps. (Witness afterwards said he was shoved down.) While I was going down he said "If the editor of the Telegraph comes to the stage I will kick him out. He is the greatest blackguard in Hongkong. I had no reason for saying I was in the Telegraph. While I was on that paper! used to go behind the scenes, and used the name of that paper. If Mr Bandmann said he kicked me off the stage that would not

Cross examined by Mr Francis: I think and J. F. C. da Roza. that Mr Fraser-Smith came to me two or gentlemen, a man who, the speaker had no it was a week later before I knew it was had been told I had a copy of this whom he had known by reputation since Mr Russell was dressed in a stage dress the person of Sam Soodeen, broker, three own, but had mislaid it. I did not say he heard a very great deal to his credit and did not stumble or fall. I made no com- served.

some of which would come before the not authorized to go on the stage that jurymen in the course of the trial. Mr | night by any one in the Telegraph. Bandmann was a gentleman who had Mr Charles Grant examined by Mr Fraserbeen very often in law courts, in fact Smith: I am manager to Messrs Kelly and \$500, the property of his employer, he seldom visited a place where he and Walsh. I know Mr Bandmann. The Dr Adams, on the 7th October last year. had not had several cases: he was also a firm acted for Mr Bandmann in Hongkong. The circumstances of the case were fully regentleman so self-opinionated and so puffed I remember the 7th June, the morning up with his own powers that he seldom visited after the performance of Hamlet. You on his Lordship's suggestion, found the pria place where he had not been in open war- | called at our place that morning and met | fare with some portion of the press; that Mr Bandmann. Some conversation took had been the case in Shanghai, Calcutta place between you and Mr Bandmann. and several cities in Australia. Mr Bandheard Mr Bandmann say that he undermann was always at war with his critics. stood you were the critic of the Hongkong Mr Fraser-Smith then read and com-Telegraph, At that time Mr Bandmann mented on a paragraph which appeared only intended giving two performances. in the Shanghai Courier describing Mr Mr Bandmann asked you if it would Bandmann being like a child and so forth. be advisable to stop over the English Mr Frasor-Smith then spoke of his Mail, and you replied that it would having several friendly conversations with be. I remember that you suggested to Mr Bandmann, and then referred to the Mr Bandmann that inclodrania would the hongs with which his old masters line which the loarned counsel had taken probably go down better than Shake- traded, he presented an order to two of spearian performance. You told Mr Band- these hongs ordering certain articles of a and the "Merchant of Venice" which mann that his company: was weak. Mr triffing value and purporting to be stamped were put in to show the change of tone be-Bandmann immediately got out a piece by the chop of the Tung Cheong Fat shop. tween them and the subsequent articles, and of paper and asked you, along with him, to The articles were delivered, and the notes which the learned counsel had said proved draft an express. This express was sent received. On the presentation of these that there was wilful direct malice in the out on the following day. Mr Bandanan orders to the Tung Cheong Fat shop the tion of the article and resuming said—Happy been so to him—the various meanings of later articles. Mr Smith read several extracts and you seemed to be on very good terms. forgery was discovered, and the defendant from the most of the criticisms with the You stated that you had received a letter severely criticising "Hamlet," and that it gestion made by the learned counsel that would be inserted in that afternoon's paper. malice was to be inferred from the change You said to Mr Bandmann that your criof tone. On finishing the reading of the ticism would be honest and fearless. When you left Mr Bandmann appeared to be on very good terms with you. I again saw Mr Bandmann that evening in our office. When perfectly fair, and impartial, and praised it Mr Bandmanu called I was reading the in other words which the speaker's modesty Telegraph. Mr Bandmann asked me if prevented him from repeating. Mr Smith was reading that scurrilous letter. I can't swear that he used the term scurrilous to the paper at that time. He said he had read the letter, but declined to read the criticism. He was indignant over the of fraudulently obtaining the sum of \$35 letter, and said he would withdraw press by means of altering a \$1 note. Sentence privileges. He said he would withdraw was reserved. the advertisement from the Telegraph, although he gave no such instructions. When Mr Bandmann arrived I considered the matter was out of my hands. The firm ordered the insertion of the advertisement in conjunction with Mr Lewis, and it never ordered it to be withdrawn. The advertisement appeared for the time ordered. met you at the Theatre on the following Saturday night, I called you aside, as thought it advisable that you should know that Mr Bandmann had withdrawn press privileges in your case. | received instructions to send to the China Mail and Daily Press fresh cards of admission. I did not tell you that Mr Bandmann gave-me no reason for not sending fresh cards to the Telegraph. To my knowledge the ticket sent to the Telegraph was never cancelled (Ticket shown). I understood when I sent the ticket to the Telegraph that it was to be applicable for the whole season. Bandmann had no consultation with me about advertising in the Telegraph after the performance of the Merchant of Venice, The account shown was the one sent by your clerk to our office. I referred to M Bandmann, who stated that it was too much. (Mr Smith asked if he could insert the account, as there was some important writing on it. It was publin and read by the Clerk of Court. It was a bill givin the price of so many insertions at \$7.50. The writing was as follows: "I did not order the advertisement through my agents, and I object to pay more than I pay to the other papers, namely \$3. Let them pay

> and Daily Press. He was informed that he Lpaid none of the advertisement bills.

it who ordered it"). I recognise the writ

ing as that of Mr Bandmann. (Mr Smith

asked if he could subpoens the China Mail

I did not think I was doing wrong.

The case was here adjourned until tomorrow morning at ten o'clock.

The Attorney General (The Hon. E. L. O'Malley), instructed by Mr Sharp, the Crown Solicitor, prosecuted. The following gentlemen were empannelled as a jury : Messrs A. H. W. P. Bruit, C. A. da Silva, A. F. dos Remedios, Jr., C. C. Corvet, A. A. de Jesus, C. F. Grossman

LARCENY FROM THE PERSON. Wong Kwai was convicted of stealing from

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY FROM A BAFC. Fo Afun, house coolie, was charged with robbing a safe, containing between \$400 ported in our Police columns. The Jury, soner guilty of attempted robbery only. The prisoner practically admitted his guilt. I Sentence was reserved.

Wong Achan was charged on two counts with obtaining goods by means of a forged instrument on the 4th instant.

The defendant had been in the employ of the Tung Cheong Fat shop in the early part of the year, and knowing several of

The prisoner pleaded guilty to both counts, and sentence was reserved.

Chan Angai was found guilty of stealing a lag containing \$105 from amoney changer's stall in Queen's Road on the 18th June. Sentence reserved.

Wong Apow, the Chinaman who dresses in European costume and against whom there are several charges, was found guilty

China. SHANGHAI. (N. C. D. News.) It is always hazardous for a non-medical man to express a decided opinion-upon a subject of hygiene. There is one matter, however, in referring to which we willingly lay ourselves open to correction or at ack. Livingstone. Mercury. Whatever may be the dangers or risks of opening the streets of the settlement during the present weather, it is difficult to believe that they can be greater than those attending a session of the Mixed Court on a crowded day, We have no Berg, C. A., St. Elizabeth Hospital, hesitation in saying that the condition of |that stronghold of justice yesterday morning | Best, Miss E. Fopstone Road, London, was enough to give any one not blessed with Blue, Niel, Sandridge, Melbourne,...(s) the stomach of an ostrich or a Chinese a Bowyer, Mrs A., Ebury Street, London, violent attack of sickness. The mass of Bush, Henry E., Hongkong,....(s) I seething, sweltering humanity which filled | Cheerackoodin, Sahib, care of Sir J. P. the Court and its approaches; the dirty state of the yards and alleys; the stifling atmosphere of the court, and the want of proper accommodation for reporters, combined to make attendance a most nauseous task. We believe that the only safeguard a foreigner has against actual suffering from his surroundings under such circumstances. is to smoke; and hitherto that habit has been wisely and considerately allowed. Lately, however, the permission has been withdrawn; as we think, unwisely and inconsiderately. Unless something be done Glazier, E. G., Dinagepore, .....(e) 1 to make the Court rather less offensive as Godbeg, Miss, Belfast, ....... to stmosphere and general surroundings, or Hauffer, Giovannina, vid Solitario, Triesto, a supply of fine Cognae kept on hand in the Hawley, H., Point de Galle, ..... case of anybody turning sick, we believe Hayes, Misq J. E., Scotland Road, Liversmoking to be, if not an absolute necessity, pool, at least a most desirable privilege; and we Joass, Capt., Melbourne, trust that the Assessors will see ht to retract Johnson, Donald & Co., London Street, the embargo they have laid upon it. We use the plural number, for we do not for Kaw, Hong Beng, Hongkong, a moment suppose that the recent step Köhler, Marie, Roheneme, Tirol, ......... has been taken by one man, without the Labet, Jean, Bordeaux, support of his condittors. We notice by a subsequent issue of the News that the right to smoke has been

4th July. With your consent I will make a few Manasseh, E. J., Lahore, India,.....(8) 1 ries pu the coolies and cargo-boats em- | Marchaud, Mille. Rennes, France, ....(s) ployed in \_\_\_\_\_ ying tea at this port. Com- McArthur, Mrs. Hongkong, ..... plaints have been made that the tea shipped Morgan, Captain, Ship Charles Wolsey, from Hankow often turned out short weight Falmouth. and also short in number of packages. This Otto, Mrs. Albert Docks, London,...... will appear by no means strange or ourious Potter, Mrs, Southwark Park Road, to one who is acquainted with the circumstances under which the tea is shipped and Pulo, John, Bombay,.....

men employed. It is rumoured that this

of the Telegraph having been kicked off the which this wholesale pilfering is carried on, stage on Saturday night. Mr Bandmann and I shall endeavour to enlighten you to said he was glad of it, as he wanted you to a limited extent. First, there are a number know. I saw the article in the Telegraph of native houses here that make a business of the 14th commenting on the kicking. of buying stolen goods of any kind or-Mr Bandmann said he intended to bring | quality that may be offered them. They a criminal action against you. I advised will buy a handful of tea, cotton, scawced him to take civil instead of criminal or any kind of cargo brought them by proceedings, but Mr Bandmann stated coolies working on board of the vessels that wished to imprison you. Mr Band- | tea is chiefly stolen is by robbing the chests mann has occasionally called the Telegraph | while on board the earge-boats, by cutting a scurrilous and blackguardly paper; he the paper on the bottom edge of the chests also said the community ought to refuse to | and straining them; in this way they are subscribe to it. We subscribe to and adver- able to extract several catties out of a chest tise in the Telegraph. I cannot state that without detection. The covered cargo-boats Mr Bandmann ever abused you personally. offer great facilities for this mode of opera-Cross-examined by Mr Francis: I re- ting when working at night on board ship. advertisements. It was left to our discre- the coolies will crowd another gangway, and tion. There was no distinct order given to create all the confusion they can: and insert in two papers. I have the order. during the row the tallyman's assistant is I can produce it. The order will be pro- on hand with his bamboos and slips them in duced to-morrow. It was intended to give | the rack on board of the ship, passing the two performances only. Mr Bandmann corresponding number of chests into anhad no conversation with me about ad- other boat to avoid detection in case of disvertising the four subscription perform- pute. The coolies and boatmen combine ances. Mr Bandmann did not say to me and assist each other to create confusion that he did not intend to advertise in the aud noise to attract the shins-officers' atten-Telegraph. I did not advise him to adver- tion, while one of their party takes I said to Mr Bandmann that I advantage of the opportunity to pass the thought the letter was a scurrilous one, tally sticks on board the ship. In some and think so still. These tickets were instances the hong employe that goes with issued for Mr Bandmann's season. I am | the tea on board ship is implicated also. So positive that Mr Bandmann said he kicked long as he can produce the mate's receipt the Portuguese off the stage. Mr Band- his master is satisfied. I heard of an inmann did not use the expression, "I have stance last season where a chop of ten was given Mr Smith a moral kick out." Our shut out of a ship and remained in the I said "Nothing : I am only looking at the firm was acting as agents for Mr Band- cargo boat over Sunday. The Canton man mann during this time. I said this to Mr | in charge of the tea, knowing his country Smith in good faith, thinking thereby; I men's failings, weighed the ten and found would prevent a scene at the Theatro, and it nearly ten piculs short, and the beatmen gave him sixty thousand cash to say nothing about it to his master. It is but a few days since I was informed that one of the receivers of stolen goods (tea) had had a very narrow escape. It came to the knowledge of the tea-barrier officials that he had a large quantity of stolen tea in his possession. One of the underlings went to interview him, but he refused to be 'drawn' upon the question. However they watched him until he commenced to move the tea; then | (Taken at Messrs Falconer & Co.'s Premises. they seized it, and reported the matter to the wei-yeen, who ordered a strict investigation. In the meantime the receiver compromised matters with the runners by paying them two hundred thousand cash, and the investigation resulted in finding that he had a lekin pass for the tea which was supplied by themselves. Rumour says that the wei-yuch took a share of the spoil. There is a remedy for this sort of thing beyond

> doubt, but it seems to be no one's business. The tea buyer seldom ever sees the tea after he buys the chop. He leaves everything to the compradore, and the compradore trusts to the godown-man and his assistants, many of whom are only employed for the season and have no reponsibility whatever beyond delivering to the ship so many packages. The weight or contents is no concern of theirs. The taking into consideration the fact that when a thief is caught, the witness that appears against him is sent in to the native authorities and kept locked up for a number of days and made to fee his keeper for simply doing the duty that he was especially employed for, it will not appear odd that there are so few of them caught, as there is but little inducement offered to any man, be he over so honest, to arrest a thief when he knows that he is likely to be punished in the same way as the real offender. The recent energetic measures taken by Her Majesty's Consul in sending a witness to be punished along with the thieves has effectually put a stop to catching any more

thieves by the Chinese .- N.-C. D. News.

Nothing of stirring interest to report. The weather became suddenly hot a couple of days ago, but a heavy downpour of rain yesterday reduced the temperature to a comfortable point again.

Regarding the pilot case referred to in my last, I hear the action of the Danish Consul has been upheld, which only shows what serious need exists for a revision of the present Pilot Regulations.

The Glorious Fourth was duly colebrated here, yesterday, by a tiffin on board the Chintieng, given by Captains Winsor and Deville, to which the greater part of the community was invited. Owing to the weather, however, the number of covers its accompaniment of toasts, songs, &c., was a great success, and a very enjoyable

afternoon was spent by all present There is a rumour current that two Roman Catholic Missionaries have been murders in the interior of this province. but though there has undoubtedly been trouble of some scal it is generally believed here that it has ken exaggerated. Vessels in part are :- British, Queen of India; Grann, Amoy, Anna, and

Dead Letters.

Andriani, Anna, Marseille, ..... Beccaro, Francisco, Genova, .............(s)

Hennessy, India, ..... Collins, Miss, East Cliff, Ramsgate Colquhoun, A. R., Rangoon Cooper, H G.; Singapore,.... Dieckmann, J. W., Hamburg, Duellais, Madame, Paris,.....(8) 1 Eggleton, Mrs. Queen Street, Woolwich, 1 Eibel, Dr. Anton, Pesth, Hungary, (Registered)

Feld, Luise, Lipno, Russia, (Registered) I

Field, Emma, Cromwell Road, Notting-

London, Lea, Miss Di., Dante Road, Kennington, Lonsdale, Mrs. Winchester Street, Lon-

race, Brighton, .....(s) 1 Mackenys, Lieut., 78, Highlanders, Luck-

Lyons, Mrs Admiral, Landsdowne Ter-

London, Commence of the London the character of the coolies and cargo-boat. Purcell, S., Baker Street, Northumber-

land, .....(a) season there has been an unusual amount Remy & Co., Rue des Petites Escuries, 

have sent a note to the Daily Press and been threshed by him or anyone else. famed, posed before them as a martyr, posed stating that the articles were written in the Lewis was present. I saw Mr Bandmann in amount, but I am of opinion it is pretty Schunck, Schunck our office the following morning, when I near the truth. Doubtless it will interest | Simons, Williams & Co., 9, London St., Warren, Mrs., Sucz,..... Whiting, Mrs., Hiogo, ..... 1 Yih Choo Kwee, Tientsin,...... The above letters have been returned from various places at which the addressees cannot be found, or have been refused. If not claimed within ten days, they will be opened and returned to the writers -(a) that he did not care for damages; he frequent the port. The way in which the Posted at Shanghai. General Post Office, Hongkong, 14th July, 1882. THAMES-STREET INDUSTRIES, by Percy Russell. This Illustrated Pamphlot on Perfumery, &c., published at 6d., may be had gratis from any Chemist or dealer in perceived instructions from Shanghai to insert As soon as one gangway finishes working famery in the World, or John Gosnell & Co., London.-[Apvr.] Quotations Honokona, July 18.

> OPIUM-New Patna, cash ... \$600 Old cash, \$5671 New Benares, cash, 560 ,, cash,... 555 Now Malwa, credit,... 620. Allowance, Taels ..... 48 Old Malwa, credit,... 680 Allowance, Taels ..... 4 Exchange. Bank, Wire, ... 3/83 Domand, ... 3/9 4 months' sight, Documentary 4 months' sight, 3/98 India, Wire, ... 224 Shanghai, demand, 30 days' sight, private 735 Gold Loaf, 99k fine Sovereigns, ...

Shares. (For Share Quotations, see Page 4.) Temperature.

Queen's Road.) HONGRONG, July 18. BAROMETER-1 P.M.... 29.740 4 P.M. ... 20.724 THERMOMETER— 9 A.M.... 78 1 T.H.... 78 4 P.M.... 78 (Wet bulb) 9 A.M. 76 Do. 1 P.M. 77 Do. 4 P.M. 77 Maximum .....78 Do. Minimum over night 76

Barometer T'meter attached Direction of Wind Porce of Wind Porce of Wind Dry T'mometer Wet T'mometer Weather Hours of Rain Quantily fallen.	BAROMETER, THERMOME TER, &c.		OHI
29.48 87.0 86.5 80.0 c.b.	Previous day at 4 P.M.	Hoxa	CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER Tracegues of 18rs July, 1882.
29.66 81.5 8 6 79.0 76.0 0.c.r. 18 5.46	On date at 10 a.m.	Нокакако.	uruda: IK LS
піння	Previous day at 4 P M	ZORY	OAST METEOROLOGICAL R Telegrans of 18rm July, 1882
ញារប្រជា	On date	20	11 Jul.
antitii.	Previous day at 4 P.M.	KFAS	7, 1882
11111111	On date at 10 a.m.	TVEO	EGISI
80.4 80.4 80.4 89.7 77.5	On date	WI	i.a
	On data at 4 P.M.		

BAROMETER, level of the sen in inches, tens. and bundreds.

THERMOMETER in Fabronheit degrees and tens, kept in the open air in a shadod situation. DERECTION OF WIND is registered every two points, N., N.N.E., N.E., &c. FORCE OF WIND, -O calm, I to 3 light breeze. S to 5 moderate. 5 to 7 fresh. 7 to 8 strong. 8 to 10 heavy. 10 to 12 violent. STATE OF WEATHER. B. Clear blue sky. C.

Cloudy. D. Drizzly. F. Fog. G. Foggy. H. was reduced to eighteen. The tiffin with Hail. L. Lightning. M. Misty. O. Overcast. P. Passing showers. Q. Squally. R. Rainy, S. Snow. T. Thunder. U. Bad, threatening V. Visibility. W. Storm, Z. Calm, The letters are repeated to indicate any increase over the mean average of their signification. RAIN .- The hours of rain for the previous 24 hours (noon) are registered from 1 to 24, and the quantity of water follow indicated in inches. tens and hundreds.

Shipping Intelligence.

The following lists are corrected from the latest London and Colonial Papers, and from other sources. Consignees are invited to communicate with the Editor in the event of any inaccuracy occurring in this list as compiled from the papers and other, information at his command. The Editor will, at all times, be glad to receive any additions to the list from those who have later advices, private or otherwise, than his

VESSELS TO ARRIVE AT HONGEONG.

4, Truth. Sunderland Flamingo, Hull London 8. Marathon. Feb. 24. Loudoun Castle (a. Mar. 5. Ethel Caine. Sunderland New York Mabel Cardiff 11, Ella S. Thayer Penarth 25. Invincible. London Cardiff 17. Bonito. Cuxhaver Cardiff 19. Nearchus. Cardiff Bockhurst. Hamburg 23. Caroline Behn. London 27. Marina. Mid borough 28. Herschel. Guiding Star. Cardiff. Penarth 5. N. Boynton, New York Penarth Ruthin, City of Benares. Penarth New York 16. Meteor. 19. Rossini. Cardiff Cardiff 20. P. G. Carvill. 22. Friederike, London 30. Gustav Oscar. Cardiff

June 1, Daphne, Triesta LOADING FOR CHINA AND JAPAN PORTS. At London - Steamers via Suez Canal Lord of the Isles. Harter. Kwongsang. Azamemnon. Sailing Vessels. Agnes Muir.

Teleroschus (a.) Glaucus (a.) Deucalion (a.) At Cardiff. C. F. Sargent Mommsen. At Glargow,

JULY 18, 1882.

#### THE CHINA REVIEW. PUBLISHED BI-MONTHLY TENTH YEAR.

THIS Review, which was intended to meet the wants of many students of Chinese caused by the discontinuance of "Notes and Queries on China and Japan," has reached, its Tenth Volume. The Review discusses acquiring trustworthy information. It in-cludes many interesting Notes and original Papers on the Arts, Sciences, Ethnology, Folklore, Geography, History, Literature, Mythology, Natural History, Antiquities, and Social Manners and Customs, etc., etc., of China, Japan, Mongolia, Tibet, and the Far East generally. Recently a new departure has been taken, and the Review now gives papers on Trade, Commerce, and Descriptive notes of Travel by well-known City Hall, Library (8,000 volumes) and writers. It was thought that by extending the scope of the Review in this direction, the Magazine would be made more generally

The Review department receives special attention, and endeavours are made to present a careful and concise record Literature on Chinas etc., and to give critiques embodying sketches of the Most recent works on such topics. Authors and Publishers are requested to forward works & "Editor, China Review, care of China Mail Office.

The Notes and Queries are still continued and form an important means of obtaining from and diffusing among students knowledge on obscure points.

The Correspondents' column also affords St. John's Cathedral (Anglican), above year ended 30th Jane, 1682. farther and greater facilities for the interchange of views and discussion of various

Original contributions in Chinese, Latin, or any of the Modern Languages are received. The papers are contributed by the members of the various Consular, the Imperial Customs, and Hongkong Services, St. Peter's Seamen's Church, West Point. and also by the Missionary bodies amongst whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is assiduously cultivated. Amongst the regular contributors are Drs. Chalmers. Eitol, Bretschneider, Hirth, and Hance, Professor Legge, and Messrs Balfour, Watters, Stent, Phillips, MacIntyre, Groot, Jamie-son, Faber, Kopsch, Parker, Playfair, Giles, and Piten, -all well-known names, indicative of sound scholarship and thorough mastery of their subject.

The Subscription is fixed at \$6.50 per annum, postage included - payable in advance. Orders for binding volumes will be promptly attended to; Address, "Mana-

#### OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

ger, China Mail Office."

"All our learned societies should subscribe to this scholarly and enterprising Review."-Northern Christian Advocate (U.S.) The China Review \* \* \* \* has an excellent table of contents."-Celestial Empire.

"The Publicationalways contains subjects of interest to sojourners in the Far East and the present issue will hold favourable if not advantageous comparison, with preceding numbers."-Celestial Empire.

"This number contains several articles of interest and value."-North-China Herald. "The present number of this periodical \* \* \* opens with a review of the Foreign Trade of China during 1880. This is rather a new departure for a publication which professes to be purely literary; but considering the comparatively small circulation it enjoys at present among the commercial communities of China, we hall the innovation as likely to recommend the Review to the notice of those who take an interest in few matters beyond moreantile pursuits."-North-China Herald.

"The China Review for September-October fully maintains the high standard of excellence which characterises that publication, and altogether forms a very interesting and readable number. Meteorologists will find an interesting and valuable contribution by Dr. Fritsche, on "the Amount of Precipitation (Rain and Snow) of Peking," showing the results of observations made at the Imperial Rusaian Observatory at Peking, from 1841 to 1880. "Notes on the Dutch Occupation of Formosa," by Mr. Geo. Phillips, contains some interesting information, although much of it is second-hand. The Notices of New Books include a most generous and appreciative review of "The Divine Classic of Nan-Hun," and the Notes and Queries are as usualvery interesting."-North-China

Daily News. substantial and reliable Review which Four Coolies, all students of China and the Chinese would | Three Coolies, do well to patronise."-Chrysanthemum. "The November-December number of

the China Review contains less variety than usual, but the few articles are very interesting. The opening paper by Mr Herbert A. Giles on "The New Testament in Chinose" treats of a question that must necessarily be of great importance in the eyes more than three hours. of all missionaries. . . Mr E. H. Parker's "Short Journeys in Szechuen" are continued, and a goodly instalment of these travels in the interior of China is given. Mr F. H. Balfour contributes peror Cheng, founder of the Chinese Emwhich will be read with genuine interest by students of Chinese history. A few short notices of New Books and a number of Notes and Queries, one of which "On Chinese Oaths in Western Borneo and Java" might appropriately have been placed under n separate heading, complete the number."—H. K. Daily Press.

Trubner's Oriental Record contains the

following notice of the China Review:-

The present publication, judging by the number now before us, is intended to occupy a position, as regards China and the neighbouring countries, somewhat similar 2nd Class Cargo Bost of 600 to that which has been filled in India by the Calcutta Review. The great degree of at 2nd Class Cargo Boat of 600 tention that has been bestowed of late years upon the investigation of Chinese literature. | 3rd Class Cargo Boat or Ha-kau Boat of antiquities, and social developments, to say nothing of linguistic studies, has led to the 3rd Class Cargo Boat or Ha-kau Boat of accumulation of important stores of information, rendering some such channel of pub. 3rd Class Cargo Boat or Ha-kau Boat of licity as is now provided extremely desirable; and contributions of much interest may fairly be looked for from the members of the foreign consular services, the Chinese Customs' corps, and the missionary body. among whom a high degree of Chinese scholarship is now assiduously cultivated. and who are severally represented in the first number of the Review by papers highly creditable to their respective authors . Some translations from Chinese novels and agreements. plays are marked by both accuracy and freshness of style; and an account of the career of the Chinese poet-statesman of the eleventh century, Su Tung-p'o, by Mr. E. C. Bowrs, is not only historically valuable, but is also distinguished by its literary grace. Beside notices of new books relating to China and the Review, if carried out with punctuality and detail, we are glad to notice that "Notes" and "Queries" are destined to find a place in its pages also. It is to be

hoped that this opening for contributions on Chinese subjects may evoke a similar

degree of literary zeal to that which was

displayed during the lifetime of its predo-cessor in the field, and that the China Review

may receive the support necessary to insure

its continuance.

#### Visitors' Column.

We have instituted as an experiment a VISITORS' COLUMN, which we trust will prove successful, and be found useful. To it will be relegated from time to time such items of information, lists. tables and other intelligence as is conthose topics which are uppermost in the minds of students of the "Far East" and about which every intelligent person connection with the City, and in connection with the City, and in connection with the connection with the city, and in connection with the city and in connection with the city, and in connection with the city, and in connection with the city, and in connection with the city and the ci SELECT HOTEL AND BUSINESS DIRECTORY, applications for enrolment

Museum, -Free. Public Gardens, a beautifully picturesque retreat and of great interest.

The Clock Tower, Queen's Road Central, in a line with Pedder's Wharf. General Post Office, Hongkong Club, German Club, Supreme Court, &c., within a stone's-throw.

Lusitano Club and Library, Shelley St. Government Offices, the Secretariat, &c., near the Public Gardens.

the Parade Ground.

Roman Catholic Cathedral, Wellington

Union Church, Elgin Street.

St. Joseph's (R.C.) Church, Garden Road, near Kennedy Roal.

Temperance Hall, specially adapted for sea-faring men, Queen's Road East.

Sailors' Home, West Point. E. E. A. and China Telegraph Co., and

the Great Northern Telegraph Co. Marine House, Queen's Road. Masonic Hall, Zetland Street.

Victoria Recreation Club-Bath-house and Boat-house, &c., -Praya, beyond the Cricket Ground, beside the City Hall.

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American and English Stores, Books and specially selected Cigars .- MAC-EWEN, FRICKEL & Co.

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Chairs and Ordinary Pullaway Boats. Half hour, .... 10 cts. | Hour, ..., 20 cts Three hours,...50 cts. | Six hours,...70 cts. Day (from 6 to 6), One Dollar.

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Four Coolies, 81.60	1
Three Coolies, 0.85	
Two Coolies, 0.70	
Return (direct or by Pok-foo-lum).	,
Four Coolies 91 50	1
Three Coolies, 1.20 Two Coolies, 1.00	-
Two Coolies, 1.00	1
	]
TO VIUTORIA GAP (TO LEVEL OF UMBRELLA	

Single Trip. Two Coolies,

Return (direct or by Pok-foo-lum). Four Coolies, ... ... ... ... 81.00 Three Coolies, ... Two Coolies, ... ... ... 0.70 The Return Fare embraces a trip of not For every hour or part of an hour above

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300 picula, Half Day, or Pullaway Boats, per Day, One Hour, Half-an-Hour, ... After 6 P.M.....10 cents extra.

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Nothing in the above Scale to affect

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Btocks.	Skares.	Value.	raia-	Reserve.	Account.	vidend.	tations Cash.
BANKS.	200	1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
HK, and S'hai	1		5	9. 1. 1.			
Bank	40,000	8 125	8 125	3 2,100,000	8 63,639.45	40/ *	120 % = \$275 fp. sh.
NthChina Ins.	1,000	TI. 2.000	TT 800	TT 252 600	T1.663,706.00	75 8	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Yangtaza Ins	1,200	TI 350	T1 350	TI 500 498	TL 18,447.56	10 %	44 050 p -1
Union Ins. Soc. China Traders'	500	8 2,500	8 500	8 384,597	8 437,688.58	8152.00+	\$1625 ·
Insurance		81666.66	8 500	8 475,000	8 91,928.49	20%	31665 11
C'ton Ins. Office					0.3020.20	20/9.74	880
Chinese Ins. Co.		8 1,000			8 677.42	3%	0000
HK. Fire Ins		\$ 1,000			\$ 263,403.72		\$230 n \$885 p. share
China Fire Ins.				\$ 493,632	8 144,535.91	18% §	8320 r
STEAM C'PANIES. HK: C. and M.						7	
Steamboat	8,000	\$ 100	<b>9</b> 75	\$ 135,000	<b>8</b> 18,908.06	5% *	3107 n
HK. & Wh'poa						*	
Dock	10,000			\$147,563 <sup>73</sup>	8 . 3,180.53	4% 4	48 % prem. = [\$185 p. sh.
Gas Co	5,000	£ 10	£ 10	£ 7,489			
H'kong Hotel	2,000	8 100	8 100			\$21 *	91024 "
China Sugar Co.	6,000	8 100	\$ 100		8 5,324.71		8175 "
H'kong Ice Co.	1,250	8 100	\$ . 100		8 1,880.51		\$134 "
H'kong Bakery	600	\$ 50	8 50		\$ 159.31		860
Luzon Sugar Co.	7,000	-		ł	100.42		0100
LOANS.			200	Rates of Interest.	Payable.	***	\$129 11
Chi. Imp., 1874	6,276	£ 100	all	8 %	June30 Dec31		]
	16,040			8 %	Feb. 28 Ag. 31		
	3,899			8%	April & Oct.		]
n n 1881	8,565			8 %	Jue16&Dc.10		2½ % prem.
Sugar Deben-	700						

\* For half-year ended 31st Dec., 1881 .\_\_ + Report issued in October, above 1st interim Bonus and Dividend for 1881,- To 30th April, 1881.- For year 1881,- T For year 1880.- For half EDWARD GEORGE, Share Broker.

Hongkong Rates of Postage.

(Revised January 1st, 1882.)

In the following Statements and Tables the Rates are given in cents, and are, for Letters per half monce, for Books and

Patterns, per two ounces. are charged as double, trable, &c., as the General, as he may consider necessary, and case may be, but such papers or packets of approved by him. Printed Circulars may papers may be sent at Book Rate. Two be inserted in such Pattern Packets.

Newspapers must not be folded together as one, nor must anything whatever be inserted except bona fide Supplements. Printed there is no such thing as Parcel Post matter may, however, be enclosed, if the to Europe, &c. Much trouble and disapwhole be paid at Book Rate. Prices Cur- pointment are caused by persistent attempts

Commercial Papers signify such papers as, though Written by Hand, do not bear the character of an actual or personal correspondence, such as invoices, deeds, copied music, &c. The charge on them is the same as for books, but, whatever the weight of a packet containing any partially written paper, it will not be charged less than 5

The sender of any Registered Article may accompany it with a Return Receipt on paying an extra fee of 5 cents.

The limit of weight for Books and Commercial Papers to Foreign Post Offices in 4 lbs. Patterns for such offices are limited to 8 ounces, and must not exceed these dimensions: 8 inches by 4 inches by 2

Countries of the Postal Union.

The Union may be taken to comprise Europe, all foreign possessions in Asia. Japan, W. Africa, Egypt, Mauritius, all N. America, Mexico, Salvador, Brazil, Peru, Chili, Venezuela, The Argentine Republic, Jamaica, Trinidad, Guiana, Honduras, Bermuda, Labuan, Hawaii, with all Danish, French, Netherlands, Portuguese and Spanish Colonies. Countries NOT in the Union .- The chief

tralasian Group, and S. Africa. Postage to Union Countries. General Rates, by any route :--

10 centa per ½ oz. Letters, 3 cents each. Post Cards. 10 cents. Registration. Newspapera, 2 cents each. Books, Patterns and 2 cents per 2 oz. Comm. Papers,

There is no charge on redirected correspondence within the Postal Union. Postage to Non-Union Countries. Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, and Fiji, via Torres Straits, Letters, 10; Registration, 10; Newspapers, 2; Books and Patterns, 2: Via Galle, Letters, 25; Re-

Natal, the Cape, St. Helena, Ascension, Bolivis, Costa Rica, Letters, 25; Registration, 10; Newspapers, 5; Books and

Patterns, 5. LOCAL POSTAGE.

	and the Philip-	T 65 A	General Local Bates   for Hougkong,	,
		© 07	cents.	Letters per 1 on
			cent.	Post Cards,
, ili		60	centa.	Patterns, Curr
	2, t.	63	cents.	Newspapers and Prices Current, each.
- जिल्हें		70	centa	Regis- tration.

(d) Via Singapore, 10 cents. (e) Between Hongkong, Canton, and Macao,

Victoria will be delivered the same day, a broken or deteriorated condition. and generally within two hours, unless the delivery should be retarded by the Contract

2. Invitations, &c. can generally be delivered within Victoria at the private houses of the addressees rather than at places of business; if a wish to that effect be expressed by the sender, otherwise all correspondence is invariably delivered at the nearest place of business.

3. Boxholders who desire to send Circu- CRAWFORD & Co., Houghong, and at the lars, Dividend Warrante, Invitations, Cards, China Mail Office.

&c., all of the same weight, to addresses in Hongkong, Bangkok, or the Ports of China, may deliver them to the Post Office unstamped, the postage being then charged to the sender's account. Each batch must consist of at least ten.

Boxholders may also send Patterns to the same places in the same way. Envelopes containing Patterns may be wholly closed, if the nature of the contents be first Newspapers over four ounces in weight exhibited or stated to the Postmaster

Parcers.—The public is reminded that rent may be paid either as Newspapers or to send small valuable trifles through the Post. Fans, Curios, Articles of Dress, Fancy Work, and similar presents are continually being refused, the senders having often spent more in Postage than would have paid the freight by steamer. No refund can be made on such parcels of the value of Stamps obliterated before the nature of the contents was discovered.

> Local and Indian Parcel Post 1. Small Parcels may be sent by Post at Book Rates between Hougkong and any

of the British Post Offices in China, as well as to Japan, Macao, Pakhoi, the Straits Settlements, Caylon and India. They must not exceed the following dimensions, 2 feet long, I foot broad, I foot deep, weigh more than 5lbs., nor be smaller than 3 in. by 2 in. Such parcels may be wholly closed if they bear this special endorsement, PARCEL, CONTAINING NO LETTER, but any parcel may be opened by direction of the Postmaster General. In the Case of Parcels for India a declaration of contents and value is required, a printed form for which is supplied gratis. The Registration of Parcels for India and Ceylon is compulsory. 2. The following cannot be transmitted: Parcels insufficiently packed or protected, or liable to be crushed (as bandboxes, &c.) Opium, Glass, Liquids, Explosive substances, Matches, Indigo, Dyestuffs, Ice. Meat, Fish, Game, Fruit, Vegetables, or countries not in the Union are the Aus- whatever is dangerous to the Mails, or likely to become offensive or injurious in

> 3. Parcels are as a general rule forwarded by Private Ship, not by Contract Mail Packet. To India they are forwarded by the P. & O. and Indian Mail Packets only. to Ceylon by P. & O. only. No responsibility is accepted with regard to any parcel, unless Registered, and then only to the amount of \$10.

4. The public are cautioned not to confound these facilities with a Parcel Post to Europe, &c., which does not exist.

It is necessary that the following rules be strictly observed.

gistration, 10; Newspapers, 2; Books and 1. No Letter or Packet, whether to be registered or unregistered, can be received for Postage if it contains gold or silver money, jewels, precious articles, or anything that, as a general rule, is liable to Customs duties.

2. This Regulation prohibits the sending of Patterns of dutiable articles, unless the quantity sent be so small as to make the sample of no value.

.3. The limits of weight allowed are as follows :-Books and Papers-to British Offices, Kiang-ping 5 lbs.; to the Continent, &c., 4 lbs. Patterns-to British Offices, 5 lbs. if without intrinsic value; to the Continent,

&c., 8 oz. Indemnity for the Loss of a Registered Article. The Post Office is not legally responsible | White Cloud for the safe delivery of Registered correspondence, but it is prepared to make good the Yotsai contents of such correspondence lost while passing through the Post, to the extent of

1. That the sender duly observed all the conditions of Registration required. 2. That the letter was securely enclosed in a reasonably strong envelope.

\$10, in certain cases, provided :-

3. That application was made to the Postmaster General of Hongkong immediately the loss was discovered, the envelope being invariably forwarded with such application unless it also is lost.

4. That the Postmaster General is satisfied that the loss occurred whilst the correspondence was in the custody of the British. Postal administration in China, that it was not caused by any fault on the part of the sender, by destruction by fire, or shipwreck, nor by the dishonesty or negligence of any person not in the employment of the Hongkong Post Office.

5. No compensation can be paid for mere damage to fragile articles such as portraits, 1. All correspondence posted before 5 watches, handsomely bound books, &c., p.m. on any week day for addresses in which reach their destination, although in

> NOW READY. PRICE, \$1.00.

COMPARATIVE CHINESE FAMILY LAW. Br E. H. PARKER.

Can be obtained from KELLY & WALSH at Shanghai and Hougkong, at LANE,

## Merchant Vessels in Hongkong Harbour.

Exclusive of late Arrivals and Departures reported to-day.

To facilitate finding the position of any vessel in the Harbour, the Anchorage is divided into eight Sections, commencing at Green Island. Vessels near the Hongkong shore are marked h., near the Kowloong shore k., and these in the body of the Shipping or midway between each shore are marked c., in conjunction with the figures denoting the sections.

1. From Green Island to the Gas Works. 5. From P. and O. Co.'s Office to Peddar's Wharf. 2. From Gas Works to the Novelty Iron Works. 6. From Peddar's Wharf to the Naval Yard. 3. From Novelty Iron Works to the Harbour Master's Office. 7. From Naval Yard to the Pier. 4. From Harbour Master's to the P. and O. Co.'s Office. 8. From Pier to East Point.

Vessel's Name.	Captain. Flag and Tons. Date of Arrival. Consignces or Agents.		Destination.	Remarks					
Steamers		A	1 4						
Afghan	Бc	Rowley	Brit	str.	1334	July 18	Cilmani Po Ca		
Arratoon Apcar	ō h	Mactaviah	Brit.	str.			Gilman & Co. David Sassoon, Sons & Co.		To-morrow
Ashington	2 c	McDonald	Brit.	str.		July 1	Siomason & Co.	Straits and Calcutta Bangkok	TO-GDA
Atalanta	2 h	Pfoff	Ger	str.	779	July (	Kung Onn	( )	To-day
Bangalore	O C	Hassall	Brit.	str.	1309	July 16	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Nagasaki & Yhama	22nd inst
Cheang Hock Kian	Z h	Webb	Brit		956	July 16	Bun Hin Chan	Swatow and Amoy	To-morrow
China	ZA	Schöer	Ger.	str.	648	July 16	Yuen Fat Hong		To-day
Chinkiang	2	Hate	Brit.	str.	799	July 1	Siemssen & Co.		Cos'tan Docl
Conquest	Rk	11016	Brit.	str.	-910	Cant Of	Borneo Co., Limited		AND MANY
Consolation	3 h	Young	Brit	str.	764	July 16	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Yuen Fat Hong	Manila	14 m
CODUC	to ke	Kadlor	12-4	str.	4966	July 1	0. & 0. S. S. Co.	Bangkok	
rame	6 h	Stonani	Reit	str.	117	1	H.K. & Wpoa Dock Co.	Y hama & San F'cisco	444 F 44
rei Lung	2 h	Allison	Brit.	str.	754	July 10	D. Musso & Co.	Saigon	Tug Plying
Hongkong	3 k		Brit.	str.	67	April 1	Kwok Acheong & Sons	DINKUIT.	338 1 St. 18
Joloano	***	Marquez	Span.	str.	654	Dec. 19	R. Mourente	Manila	Cos'tan Doc
Lido	2 c	Lowis	Brit.	str.	640		Yuen Fat Hong		COB CILLI 2000
Li Tai		*********	Annar	n.str.	1000		Butterfield & Swire		Ab'deen Doc
Lyaia	D C	Paulson	Ger.	Str.	1170	July 17	Siemssen & Co.	London, &c.	ACTIVITIES AND AND
Niigata Maru	4 C	Wynn	Japan	. str.	1097	July 17	M. B. M. S. S. Co.	Nagasaki and Kobe	21st inst
Odin	4 C	Soronsen	Norw.	str.	959	July 10	C. M. S. N. Co.		<b>作诗声至均</b>
Pasig	2 1	Viribe	opan.		284	July 10	Remedios & Co.	Manila	K'loon Dock
Picciola	2 D	Niessen	GOF.	str.	875	July	Wieler & Co.	Singapore & Penang	22nd inst
Saltee	on	Diard	Pch.	str.	323	July 17	Shing Loong	1. 有一个 0. man 2. man 2	196-188-188-188-188-188-188-188-188-188-18
Shun-on	9 1	Dispersion	Amer.	BUT.	48	NOV. 24	China Traders' Insurance Oc		
Sumatra	2 h	Fairtlanch	Deit	D.BUT.	7486	T-1- 10	Shun Wo Yuen	Haiphong	To-day
Wm. Mackinnon	5 b	Oraillo	Dutch	str.	701	Tola 1	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Bombay, &c.	22nd inst.
Yottung	2 h	Kennett	Brit.	str.	286	June 23	Jardine, Matheson & Co. Kwok Acheong & Sons	Amoy	20th inst.
Sailing Vessels			_						
Albatros	OL	Brimnss	Ger.	sch.			Siemssen & Co.	Tientain	Cleared
Alexa	4 1.	Robb	Brit,	bqe.	425		D. M. Hutchison	New Zealand	1869 45 N
Alva	A L	Mallan	Portu.	oge.	032	May 20	Brandso & Co.		- 1 TO 1
Annie	O P	Hollidan	Deit	D. 50.	340	July	Melchers & Co.		
Catherine Marden	4 1	Mowier	Drit,	DQO.	287		Carlowitz & Co.	Hamburg	
Charité	4 1	Lacov	Reh	hoo		July 16	Wieler & Co.		
Christian	4 le	Koreow	Con.	bqe.	250	July 11	Carlowitz & Co. Wieler & Co.		TO STANKE ST
Emblem	2 h	Roberts	Brit.	sh.			Captain		
Fano	4 k	Mortensen	Dan.	bg.	227	Inly 15	Eduard Schellhass & Co.		
Furness Abbey	8 c	Guest	Amer.	boe.	1083	June 28	Russell & Co.	Doilo	A STATE OF THE STA
Gesine Brons	3 k	von Trümbach	Ger.	bge.			Wieler & Co.	Liono	
Grecian	8 c	Dunhar	Amer.	sh.	1677	June 1	Russell & Co.	New York	
Hansa	4 k	Deneken	Ger.	bge.	499	July 11	Order		
Hermine	7 c	Lonngren	Swed.	bge.	289	June 14	Eduard Schellhass & Co.	Chefoo and Tientsin	
Hinderika	5 k	Ufken	Ger.	sch.	165	June 18	Turner & Co.	Port Natal	Washington and the second
Hotspur	3 c	Bunie	Brit.	boo.	523	May 13	A. G. Morris	Philippines	elling the state of the
razu	4 c	Pearce	Brit.	bqe.	327	May 24	Wieler & Co.	Foochow	13.17. 18.20
Jupiter	3 k	Ulrich	Ger.	bge.	680	June 5	Amhold, Karberg & Co.	Havre and London	A Market March
ucky	Z C	Sequeira	Siam.	bge.	424	July 17	Chinese		Mary Same
ucy A. Nickels	o c	Nickeis	Amer.	ab.	1395		Russell & Co.	San Francisco	98 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Marie Louise	J K	Erichsen	GOT.	bge.	442	July 5	Wieler & Co.	Philippines	204 4 2 2
Melrose	C	Prench	Amer.	ah.	993		Russell & Co.	San Francisco	
Nehemiah Gibson	OK.	A	Amer.	pde'	741		Russell & Co.	New York	
P. J. Carleton	2 1-	Klisteth	amor.	oge,	986	July 17			
Paul Jones	UK	Carriel	Ger.	oge.	744		Carlowitz & Co.	Hamburg	
Paul Jones	9 1-	Lombalian	Amer.	an.	1208	July 16	Frazar & Co.		AT OF STATE
Pei-Ho	OK	Minaken	Cier.	oge.		June 12	Arnhold, Karberg & Co.	Honolulu	AMERICAN MASS
rincess Saraphi	4 0	Davier	Olam.	ogo.	204		Carlowitz & Co.		HOUSE CO
R. T. Clayton	R C	Whiting	Part DE	wne.	240	Feb. 1	Captain	Manila	
R. Bearce	7 0	Rhimand	A Pro	nde.		Jests 15	Eduard Schellhass & Co.		THE VENTY
partan	8 1	Vincent	A more	ode.	001		Eduard Schellhass & Co.	das viveral alla and	
usanne	7 4	Finka	Class	gh.			W. H. Ray		
myrniote	2 0	Olsen	Reit	Pare	339	July 5	Meichers & Co.		
hoon Kramom	2 0	Vorreth	Siom	bare.			Siemssen & Co.	Bangkok	
Vivid	2.0	Petersen	Brit	hae		July	Siemssen & Co.		
Valls Cestle	3 k	Brown	Brit.	bae.	625	June 15	Captain	Tientain	
Vrecker	5 h	tienderaon	Amer.	lor.		June 19		Yap	
Pelham		Agnen	Brit	bqo.	320	July 10	Wieler & Co.		
7AL 2				~40.	340.	Property of		Tientein	
CANTON Imoy	1	Herrmann	Brit.	str.	814	July 12	Siemssen & Co.		<b>"是一个是一个是一个是一个是一个是一个是一个是一个是一个是一个是一个是一个是一个是</b>
Tangles a	fi	Fryor	Reit	str.	959	July 15	Siemssen & Co.	Shanghai Shanghai	
TOURKOUG		CATUL SACARAS		CONTRACTOR AND THE	2/4/14	STREET LINE	The second secon	1 Bridge 1 All Francis 1 All F	
Hongkong		Petersen		str	1990	July 10	O. M. S. N. Co.	Shenghai	Single Francisco

## Men-of-war in Hongkong Harbour.

Vessel's Name.	Anchor-	Flag.	Class.	Tons.	Guns.	Н. Р.	Date of	Commander
Eak Lily Meeanee Midge Tweed Victor Emanuel Wivern	5 k k 5 k k 5 k k 5 k	British British British British British British British	gunboat gun vessel military hospital gunboat gunboat Commodore's flag-ship turret-ship	360 720 2591 465 360 3087	3 3 4 8 20 4	120 340	June 24 Feb. 11	In Reserve Richard Evans War Department In Reserve In Reserve Commodore Cuming In Reserve

HONGKONG, MACAO AND CANTON RIVER CHINESE GUN-VESSELS IN CANTON STEAMERS. WATERS, &c. Name. Tons. Captain. Gune, H. P. Owners. Name. Tons. Commander. An-lan Lin Kuo-ch ang Olice-hing Chinese Ichang Butterfield and Swire Ogston J. Stewart Chen-to Chien-jui Chinese. Kin Kiang 617 Benning, T. H., C. & M. S.-boat Co. Ching-tsing F. Bessard Wang Tsông-shông Li Tack-ming Chun-tung 360 Holmes C. M. S. N. Co. Chop-chung Chop-gai Chang & Kiungchow Goggin H., C. & M. S.-boat Co. Hai-ch ang-ching Wu Jui-ch'ang 129 120 Hai-king-ching Ch'an Liang-chieh H., C. & M. S.-boat Co. Hai-tung-hung Liong Yu-ting H. J. Faunch Hua-shan Hoyland H., C. & M. S.-boat Co. Li-sho Chinese 562 120 Chang Sung Peng-chon-hai 280 | Cary H., C. & M. S.-boat Co. La Ping-tye Quang-on Sed Tsung-t'ai Shen-chi 180 McDougall H., C. & M. S.-boat Co. J. B. Murray Snitsing Tching-on Chinese Admiral 100 Wen Lin-an-Tching-po A Garceau Tsing-po Yi-hu 20 Chinese Yu-min J. Yeats

FOOCHOW SHIPPING IN PORT.		MERCHAN	T STRANGES.	MERCHANT SAILING VESSEIR.		
	y 9, 1882.	Hae-san	Chinese	Anglo-Indian	British barque	
MERCHA	INT STEAMERS.	Hankow	British	Araguda	British barque	
Afghan	for London	Hardwick	British	Argos	British schooner	
Appin	for Shanghai	Kang-chi	British	Brends	British berque	
*Breconshire	for London	Kenmure Castle	for London, &c.	Channel Queen	British barque	
Ganges	for Colonies	Khedive	British	Cingalee	British berque	
Minard Castle	for London	Kiang-ching	Chinese	Oity of Halifax	British barque	
Oakdale	for Colonies	Kiang-kwan	Chinese	Cores	British barque	
*Tamsui	for Colonies	Kiang-yung	Chinese	Earl of Elgin	British barque	
	NO VESSELS.	Kung-wo	British	Empress	British barque	
Irazu	for Melbourne	*Meifoo	Chinese	Evangeline	British barque	
		Peking	British	Fantaesio	British barque	
SHIPPING IN SE	ANGHAI HARBOUR.	Posang	British	Flodden	British barque	
	the first of the second second second	Rosetta	British	Branoisca.	German berous	
July	, 12, 1882.	Ruri Maru	British	Hermann	German barque	
MERCHA	MT STEAMERS.	See-wo	British	Huda	British barque	
Aberdeen	British	Shanghai	British "	Kisaon	British barone	
Ajax	for London v. F'chow	Sin Nanzing No. 2	British	Ledy Douglas	British barque	
*Amoy	British	Tokio Maru	Japaness	Normbal	British ship	
Benalder	for London v. F'chow	Tonghia	German	Obed Baxter	for New York	
Benlarig	for New York v. Amoy	Venice	for New York c. Amoy	Oceania	British bergue	
Bothwell Castle	British	Waverley	British	Oscar Videi	British barque	
Chi-yuen	Chinese 4	Wha-on	British	Pearl	American barque	
Dorset	British	Yang-tae	French	Solidor	British barque	
El Dorado	British	Yehein	Chinese L	Southern Cross	American ship	
Fei-yuen	American	Yoritomo Maru	Japanese	St. Lawrence	British barque	
Fuyew	Chinese	MERITIANT E	AILING VESSELS.	Stant	Norwegian barque	
Gervase	British	Alex. Newton	British barque	Velocity	British barque	
Glenearn	for London, &c.	The second secon			-or-win	
Grand Duc Constan	tine Russian	* Since left port, o	r arrived at Hongkong.	Genvina	Spanish corrette	

Printed and published by CEO. MUEBAY BAIN, at the China Mail Office, No. 2, Wyndham Street, Hongkong,